

# Technical Advisory Committee Agenda

*Date* | *Time:* October 14, 2020 | 1:30 PM

#### I. OPENING

- A. Call to Order
- B. Proper Noticing
- C. Determination of Quorum

#### II. AGENDA UPDATE

Proposed revisions to today's Agenda

#### III. COMMENTS FROM THE GENERAL PUBLIC ON ANY AGENDA ITEMS

Public comments.

#### IV. CONSENT AGENDA

Recommendation for Approval is requested for Consent Agenda Items listed below.

- **A.** Approval of August 12, 2020, TAC Meeting Minutes
- **B.** Recommend the Approval to amend the 2020/21 Unified Planning Work Program adding the three corridor studies listed below to Task 2.
  - i. City of Webster, SR 471 Complete Streets Study, \$125,000
  - ii. City of Leesburg, West Main Street Improvements Study, \$102,800
  - iii. City of Leesburg, East Main Street Improvements Study, \$116,164

#### V. ACTION ITEMS

**A.** Recommend the Approval of the Lake~Sumter MPO 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan Summary/ Adoption Report

Transportation 2045 is the Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) prepared by the Lake~Sumter MPO and serves as the primary guidance for developing transportation system improvements and additions in the MPO's planning area over the next 25 years.

The LRTP is a federally-required short- and long-term plan addressing multimodal transportation needs within the MPO's planning area. The plan is required to be updated every five years and must cover a 20-year horizon. Transportation 2045 is a financially constrained plan that includes projects to best meet the transportation system's identified needs within the limits of projected revenues. It is important that the LRTP accurately reflects transportation needs. It is utilized by local and state planning officials to select projects for inclusion in their capital improvement and work programs.



# Technical Advisory Committee Agenda

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Notably, these transportation projects' eligibility to receive federal funding depends on their inclusion in the Cost Feasible Plan.

The intent and purpose of an LRTP is to encourage and promote the safe and efficient management, operation, and development of a cost-feasible intermodal transportation system that enhances mobility and freight movement. The LRTP considers how projects could affect the transportation system's resiliency and reliability and enhance travel and tourism in the area.

**RECOMMENDATION** 

TAC recommends Approval of the DRAFT 2045 LRTP Summary/Adoption Report.

**DRAFT 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan Report** 

#### VI. DISCUSSION ITEMS

#### A. 2021 List of Priority Projects - LOPP

The MPO is opening the project submission cycle for new and updated projects for funding. The annual LOPP is critical to developing FDOT's Five-Year Work Program and LSMPO's Transportation Improvement Program (TIP). Each year, The MPO prepares a TIP with highway, bicycle/pedestrian, and other transportation-related projects programmed for funding over the next five years. This process starts with developing the LOPP, which consists of projects that have not yet been programmed but are considered the highest unfunded priorities. 2021 LOPP kickoff meeting will be held in November. Attendance by staff members responsible for developing the Project Information Applications is encouraged.

<u>Lake~Sumter MPO 2020 List of Priority Projects</u>

#### VII. PRESENTATIONS, STATUS REPORT

- **A.** Florida Department of Transportation Mobility Week Libertad Acosta-Andersen, P.E., Rail Administration Manager, FDOT. *Mobility Week 2020 FDOT* 
  - i. FDOT Construction Status Report Anna Taylor, Government Liaison Administrator
- **B.** Florida Turnpike Enterprise Mr. Siaosi Fine, MPO Liaison
- **C.** Central Florida Expressway Ms. Emily Brown, Manager of Public Affairs
- D. Public Works, Transit
- E. MPO Michael Woods, Executive Director

#### VIII. ADJOURNMENT NEXT MEETING: NOVEMBER 18, 2020 @ 1:30 P.M.

Pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 286, Florida Statutes, Section 286.0105, if any person decides to appeal any decision made by the above-named board with respect to any matter considered at the meeting, he or she may need to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceedings is made, which record includes the testimony and evidence upon which the appeal is to be based. All interested citizens are welcome to attend. Persons with disabilities needing assistance to participate in any of the proceedings should contact (352) 315-0170, 48 hours in advance of the meeting.

## Minutes Lake~Sumter Metropolitan Planning Organization Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) Meeting

Wednesday, August 12, 2020 Regular Meeting, 1:30 p.m.

#### 1300 Citizens Blvd, Suite 175 Leesburg, Florida 34748 Phone (352) 315-0170 - Fax (352) 315-0993

#### **OPENING**

Chair Deborah Snyder, called the meeting to order at 1:35 p.m.; and confirmed the meeting was properly noticed and a quorum was present.

#### **Members Present**

Melving Isaac Lake County

Helen LaValley Lake County Schools

Deborah Snyder **Sumter County** Stephen Kennedy **Sumter County** Karl Hollev **Sumter County** John Kruse City of Clermont David Ausherman City of Groveland Wendy Then Town of Lady Lake Cliff Kelsey City of Leesburg Joyce Heffington City of Minneola Melanie Peavy City of Wildwood

#### **Members Absent**

Jill BrownLake County/TransitStephen CrossTown of AstatulaMike EastburnCity of BushnellRick GierokCity of Eustis

Gary LaVenia City of Fruitland Park
Dolly Miller City of Mascotte
Tim Wilson City of Mount Dora
Antonio Fabre City of Tavares
Aaron Mercer City of Umatilla

#### **Staff Present**

Mike Woods Executive Director
Doris LeMay Executive Assistant

#### **Others Present**

Julia Holtzhausen FDOT

Siaosi Fine Turnpike Enterprise

#### II. AGENDA UPDATE

None

#### III. COMMENTS FROM THE GENERAL PUBLIC ON ANY AGENDA ITEMS

None

#### IV. CONSENT AGENDA

- **A.** Approval of June 10, 2020 TAC Meeting Minutes
- **B.** Amendment to FY 2020/21 2021/22 UPWP to add scope for Janitorial Service
- **C.** FY 2020/21-2024/25 Annual Roll Forward Amendment to the adopted Transportation Improvement Program (TIP).

**Motion** was made by Karl Holley to approve Items A through C of the Consent Agenda, seconded by Melanie Peavy — **motion passed 11-0.** 

#### V. ACTION ITEMS

**A.** <u>Committee Comments for the Revised Public Participation Plan (PPP).</u> Mike Woods provided a brief overview of the PPP. Discussion continued.

#### VI. DISCUSSION ITEMS

- A. Consideration of the 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan Needs

  Assessment and Preliminary Cost Feasible Plan.

  William Roll, Kimley Horn provided brief update on the 2045 LRTP Needs Assessment And Preliminary Cost Feasible Plan.
- **B.** Lake~Sumter MPO 2020 List of Priority Projects Final Report Mike Woods provided a brief overview of the Lake~Sumter MPO 2020 List of Projects Final Report.
- **C.** FDOT District Five Ranked Strategic Intermodal System (SIS) Cost Feasible Project List.

#### VII. PRESENTATIONS, STATUS REPORTS

- **A.** Florida Department of Transportation –I75 Forward Steve Schnell and Mary McGehee
- **B.** Florida Department of Transportation Julia Holtzhausen provided updates
- **C.** Florida's Turnpike Enterprise Siaosi Fine provided updates
- **D.** Central Florida Expressway Authority (CFX) None
- **E.** Public Works, Transit
- **F.** MPO Mike Woods provided updates

**VIII. ADJOURNMENT** There being no further business, meeting adjourned at 2:18 p.m.

Deborah Snyder, Chair



### **Lake-Sumter MPO**

2045 Long Range Transportation Plan Summary/Adoption Report

## DRAFT

October 7, 2020



prepared for:

prepared by:







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#### Introduction

Transportation 2045 is the Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) prepared by the Lake~Sumter MPO and serves as the primary guidance for developing transportation system improvements and additions in the MPO's planning area over the next 25 years.

The LRTP is a federally-required short- and long-term plan addressing multimodal transportation needs within the MPO's planning area. The plan is required to be updated every five years and must cover a 20-year horizon. Transportation 2045 is a financially constrained plan that includes projects to best meet the identified needs of the transportation system within the limits of projected revenues. It is important that the LRTP accurately reflects transportation needs as it is utilized by local and state planning officials use select projects for inclusion in their capital improvement and work programs. Notably, the eligibility of these transportation projects to receive federal funding is dependent on their inclusion in the Cost Feasible Plan.

The intent and purpose of an LRTP is to encourage and promote the safe and efficient management, operation, and development of a cost-feasible intermodal transportation system that enhances mobility and freight movement. The LRTP considers how projects could affect the resiliency and reliability of the transportation system, as well as enhance travel and tourism in the area.

#### Goals, Objectives, and Performance Measures

Pursuant to the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21) enacted in 2012 and the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act (FAST Act) enacted in 2015, state departments of transportation (DOT) and metropolitan planning organizations (MPO) must apply a transportation performance management approach in carrying out their federally required transportation planning and programming activities. The process requires the establishment and use of a coordinated, performance-based approach to transportation decision-making to support national goals for the federal-aid highway and public transportation programs.

On May 27, 2016, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) issued the Statewide and Nonmetropolitan Transportation Planning and Metropolitan Transportation Planning Final Rule (The Planning Rule). This rule details how state DOTs and MPOs must implement new MAP-21 and FAST Act transportation planning requirements, including the transportation performance management provisions.

In accordance with the Planning Rule, the Lake~Sumter MPO must include a description of the performance targets that apply to the MPO planning area and a System Performance Report as an element of its LRTP. The System Performance Report evaluates the condition and performance of the transportation system with respect to required performance targets and reports on progress achieved in meeting the targets in comparison with baseline data and previous reports. For MPOs that elect to develop multiple scenarios, the System Performance Report must also include an analysis of how the preferred scenario has improved the performance of the transportation system and how changes in local policies and investments have impacted the costs necessary to achieve the identified targets.

## GOAL 1 – SUPPORT ECONOMIC SUCCESS AND COMMUNITY VALUES

- > Objective 1.1 Reduce congestion and improve travel reliability for the traveling public and freight users on highways and major arterials.
- > Objective 1.2 Enhance access to major employment centers.
- > **Objective 1.3** Coordinate regional transportation planning efforts and local comprehensive planning efforts.
- > **Objective 1.4** Minimize negative environmental impacts associated with transportation investments.
- > Objective 1.5 Address Environmental Justice in all appropriate aspects of MPO planning.

#### GOAL 2 – PROMOTE SAFETY AND SECURITY

- > Objective 2.1 Prioritize investments to reduce crash related Fatalities for all modes of transportation.
- **> Objective 2.2** Prioritize investments to reduce crash related Serious Injuries for all modes of transportation.
- > **Objective 2.3** Prioritize investments to reduce Bicycle and Pedestrian crash related Fatalities and Serious Injuries.
- > Objective 2.4 Prioritize investment on evacuation routes.
- > Objective 2.5 Invest in Transit security.

#### **GOAL 3 – IMPROVE TRANSPORATION OPERATIONS**

- > Objective 3.1 Invest in Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS).
- > Objective 3.2 Invest in Vehicle to Infrastructure Communication.
- > Objective 3.3 Invest in cost effective Congestion Management strategies.

#### GOAL 4 – IMPROVE MOBILITY

- > Objective 4.1 Improve transportation options available.
- > Objective 4.2 Invest in Bicycle and Pedestrian infrastructure.
- > Objective 4.3 Maintain or enhance Transit service.
- Objective 4.4 Balance regional capacity needs with human scale accessibility needs (Complete Streets).
- Objective 4.5 Invest in Context Sensitive/Complete Street investments in multimodal corridors.

#### GOAL 5 – SYSTEM PRESERVATION

- > Objective 5.1 Maintain Transportation infrastructure
- > Objective 5.2 Maintain Transit assets

#### Development of the Goals, Objectives, and Performance Measures

The Transportation 2045 LRTP Goals, Objectives, and Performance Measures have been upadted based on federal, state, and local guidance. This section highlights the requirements and guidance used to develop the Goals, Objectives, and Performance Measures for the plan.

#### Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act

Enacted in 2015, the Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act (Public Law No. 114-94), provides support and enhancement to the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21). The FAST Act is the first federal law to provide long-term funding to infrastructure planning and investment for surface transportation since the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU) became law in 2005.

The FAST Act supports MAP-21 by continuing to create a streamlined, performance-based surface transportation program that builds on many of the multimodal transportation policies first established under the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act (ISTEA) of 1991. Establishing a performance- and outcome-based program requires investment of financial resources in projects that will collectively make progress toward achieving national multimodal transportation goals. The 2045 LRTP has been developed to ensure compliance with the requirements of the FAST Act and includes a performance-based approach to the transportation decision-making process.

The FAST Act has established specific planning factors that call for the recognition and address the relationship between transportation, land use, and economic development. The federal planning factors form the cornerstone for the 2045 LRTP and include:

- 1. Supporting the **economic vitality** of the metropolitan area, especially by enabling global competitiveness, productivity, and efficiency.
- 2. Increasing the **safety** of the transportation system for motorized and non-motorized users.
- 3. Increasing the **security** of the transportation system for motorized and non-motorized users.
- 4. Increasing accessibility and mobility of people and freight.
- 5. Protecting and enhancing the **environment**, promote energy conservation, improve quality of life, and promote consistency between transportation improvements and state and local growth and economic development patterns.
- **6.** Enhancing the **integration and connectivity** of the transportation system, across and between modes, for people and freight.
- 7. Promoting efficient system management and operation.
- **8.** Emphasizing the **preservation** of the existing transportation system.
- 9. Improving the **resiliency and reliability** of the transportation system and reduce or mitigate stormwater impacts of surface transportation.
- **10.** Enhancing **travel and tourism.**

A matrix showing consistency between the goals of Connect 2045 and the ten planning factors from the FAST Act is shown in **Table 1**.

Table 1: Lake~Sumter MPO 2045 LRTP Goals and FAST Act Planning Factors Comparison

	FAST Act Planning Factors									
2045 LRTP Goals	Economic Vitality	Safety	Security	Movement of People and Freight	Environment and Quality of Life	Integration/Connectivity	System Management and Operation	System Preservation	Resiliency	Tourism
Economic Success and Community Values			•	•	•		•		•	•
Safety and Security	•	•	•	•	•		•			
Transportation Options	•	•	•					•	•	
Mobility	•	•	•		•	•	•		•	
System Preservation										

#### Florida Transportation Plan (FTP)

The Florida Transportation Plan (FTP) is the single overarching statewide plan guiding Florida's transportation future. The plan was created by, and provides direction to, FDOT and all organizations that are involved in planning and managing Florida's transportation system, including statewide, regional, and local partners.

This includes the Lake~Sumter MPO. The FTP Policy Element is Florida's long-range transportation plan as required by both state and federal law and this element points toward a future transportation system that embraces all modes of travel, innovation, and change.

MPOs are required to address the goals included in the FTP. These goals include the following:

- > Safety and security for residents, visitors, and businesses
- > Agile, resilient, and quality infrastructure
- > Efficient and reliable mobility for people and freight
- > More transportation choices for people and freight
- > Transportation solutions that support Florida's global economic competitiveness
- > Transportation solutions that support quality places to live, learn, work, and play
- > Transportation solutions that enhance Florida's environment and conserve energy

MPOs must also incorporate any performance targets which may be included in the Statewide Freight Plan and Asset Management Plan. Current guidance from FDOT indicates that no additional performance targets will be included in these plans. A matrix showing consistency between the LRTP Goals and the planning factors from the (FTP) is shown in **Table 2.** 

Table 2: Lake~Sumter 2045 LRTP Goals and FAST Act Planning Factors Comparison

	Florida Transportation Plan Goals						
2045 LRTP Goals	Safety and Security	Infrastructure	Mobility	Transportation Choices	Economy	Communities	Environment
Economic Success and Community Values				•	•	•	
Safety and Security	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Transportation Options	•			•	•		
Mobility	•		•	•	•	•	
System Preservation							

#### SYSTEM PERFORMANCE REPORT

Performance Management is a strategic approach to connect investment and policy decisions to help achieve performance goals. Performance measures are quantitative criteria used to evaluate progress against adopted performance targets.

MAP-21 requires State DOTs and MPOs to conduct performance-based planning by tracking performance measures and setting data-driven targets to improve those measures. Performance-based planning ensures the most efficient investment of federal transportation funds by increasing accountability, transparency, and providing for better investment decisions that focus on key outcomes related to the national goals:

- Improving Safety;
- Maintaining Infrastructure Condition;
- > Reducing Traffic Congestion;
- > Improving the Efficiency of the System
- > Improving Freight Movement;
- Protecting the Environment; and,
- > Reducing Delays in Project Delivery.

The Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act supplements the MAP-21 legislation by establishing timelines for State DOTs and MPOs to comply with the requirements of MAP-21. State DOTs are required to establish statewide targets, and MPOs have the option to support the statewide targets or adopt their own.

The 2045 LRTP System Performance Report providing more details related to Lake~Sumter MPO's performance measures can be found in **Appendix A**.

#### **Safety Performance Targets (PM1)**

Effective April 14, 2016, the FHWA established five highway safety performance measures to carry out the Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP). These performance measures are:

- Number of fatalities:
- 2. Rate of fatalities per 100 million vehicle miles traveled (VMT);
- 3. Number of serious injuries;
- 4. Rate of serious injuries per 100 million VMT; and
- 5. Number of non-motorized fatalities and non-motorized serious injuries.

The Lake~Sumter MPO supports the adoption of the FDOT statewide HSIP safety performance measures and FDOT's target of "0" for each safety performance measure to reflect the FDOT goal of zero deaths. The Lake~Sumter MPO and statewide safety performance measures and targets are listed in **Table 3**.

Table 3: Lake~Sumter MPO Safety Performance Measure and Targets (PM1)

Performance Measures	FDOT Statewide Targets	Lake~Sumter MPO Targets
Number of fatalities	0	0
Rate of fatalities per 100 million VMT	0	0
Number of serious injuries	0	0
Rate of serious injuries per 100 million VMT	0	0
Number of non-motorized fatalities and non-motorized serious injuries	0	0

#### **Bridge and Pavement Condition Performance Targets (PM2)**

The second of the performance measures rules issued by Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) became effective on May 20, 2017, establishing measures to assess pavement and bridge condition on the National Highway System (NHS). Requirements involve measuring the condition of these facilities and reporting conditions that are considered "Good" and those considered "Poor." Facilities rated as "Good" suggest that no major investments are needed. Facilities rated as Poor indicate major investments will be needed in the near term.

FDOT has the capability to collect and maintain data regarding bridge and pavement condition. On September 18, 2018, the MPO adopted pavement and bridge condition performance targets in support of the measures and targets set by FDOT. (see **Table 4**).

Performance Measures	Florida 2-year Targets 1/1/2018 to 12/31/2019	Florida 4-year Targets 1/1/2018 to 12/31/2021
Percent of Interstate NHS Pavement in Good Condition	Not Required	≥ 60%
Percent of Interstate NHS Pavement in Poor Condition	Not Required	≤ 5%
Percent of Non-Interstate NHS Pavement in Good Condition	≥ 40%	≥ 40%
Percent of Non-Interstate NHS Pavement in Poor Condition	≤ 5%	≤ 5%
Percent of NHS Bridges by Deck Area in Good Condition	≥ 50%	≥ 50%
Percent of NHS Bridges by Deck Area in Poor Condition	≤ 10%	≤ 10%

#### **System Performance Targets (Travel Time Reliability) (PM3)**

The third set of Performance Measures were established in January 2017 by the USDOT. These measures assess passenger and freight performance on the Interstate and non-Interstate National Highway System (NHS). Federal rules require MPOs to establish four-year performance targets for the Level of Travel Time Reliability (LOTTR) and Truck Travel Time Reliability (TTTR) performance measures.

LOTTR is the percent of person-miles on the Interstate system that are reliable. It is defined as the ratio of longer travel times (80th percentile) to normal travel times (50th percentile) during four time periods throughout the day.

TTTR is defined as the ratio of longer truck travel times (95th percentile) to a normal travel time (50th percentile) over the Interstate during five time periods throughout the day.

On September 18, 2018, the MPO adopted Resolution 2018-10 to support the FDOT Performance Targets. By adopting FDOT's targets, the Lake~Sumter MPO agrees to plan and program projects that help FDOT achieve these targets. **Table 6** presents baseline performance for each PM3 measure for the state and for the MPO planning area as well as the two-year and four-year targets established by FDOT for the state.

Performance Measure	Statewide Performance (2017 Baseline)	Florida 2-year Targets 1/1/2018 to 12/31/2019	Florida 4-year Targets 1/1/2018 to 12/31/2021
Percent of person-miles on the Interstate system that are reliable (Interstate LOTTR)	82.2%	75.0%	70.0%
Percent of person-miles on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable (Non-Interstate NHS LOTTR	84.0%	Not Required	50.0%
Truck travel time reliability index (TTTR)	1.43	1.75	2.00

#### **Transit Asset Management Performance Measures**

The FTA published the final Transit Asset Management rule in July 2016. The rule applies to recipients of Federal transit funds and requires that public transit providers develop and maintain a Transit Asset Management (TAM) plan, establish state of good repair standards, and performance measures for the assets as described below.

Asset Category	Performance Measure
Equipment	Percentage of non-revenue, support-service and maintenance vehicles that have met or exceeded their useful life benchmark
Rolling Stock	Percentage of revenue vehicles within a particular asset class that have either met or exceeded their useful life benchmark
Infrastructure	Percentage of track segments with performance restrictions
Facilities	Percentage of facilities within an asset class rated below condition 3.0 on the TERM scale

The MPO's planning area is served by two transit service providers: LakeXpress and Sumter County Transit. LakeXpress and Sumter County Transit are considered Tier II providers. LakeXpress has developed its own TAM Plan; however, Sumter County Transit is included in a group TAM plan developed by the FDOT Public Transit Office.

On September 12, 2018, MPO adopted the performance targets and measures identified in LakeXpress Asset Management Plan. These targets are depticted in **Table 7**.

Table 7: FTA TAM Targets for LakeXpress

Asset Class	2018 Performance	2019 Target	2020 Target	2021 Target	2022 Target	
Rolling Stock						
Buses	31%	19%	31%	31%	0%	
Cutaways	23%	6%	61%	61%	48%	
Minivans	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%	
Vans	60%	0%	0%	0%	40%	
Equpiment						
Non Revenue/Service Automobile	43%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Facilities						
Administrative Office	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	

Sumter County Transit is part of the Group TAM Plan for Fiscal Years 2018/2019-2022/2023 developed by FDOT for Tier II providers in Florida and coordinates with FDOT on reporting of group targets to the National Transit Database. The FY 2019 asset conditions and 2020 targets for the Tier II providers are shown in **Table 8.** 

Table 8: Group Transit Asset Management Targets for Tier II Providers

Asset Category Performance Measure	Asset Class	FY 2019 Asset Condition	FY 2020 Target			
Revenue Vehicles						
	Automobile	55%	45%			
	Bus	15%	13%			
Age - % of revenue	Cutaway Bus	28%	28%			
vehicles within a particular asset class that have met	Mini-Bus	31%	28%			
or exceeded their Useful Life Benchmark (ULB)	Mini-Van	13%	11%			
	SUV	0%	0%			
	Van	47%	34%			
Equipment						
Age - % of equipment	Non Revenue Automobile	67%	67%			
or non-revenue vehicles within a particular asset class that have met or exceeded their Useful Life	Trucks and other Rubber Tire Vehicles	50%	40%			
Facilities						
Condition - % of facilities with a condition rating	Administration	0%	9%			
below 3.0 on the FTA Transit Economic Requirements Model (TERM) Scale	Maintenance	6%	12%			

#### **Transportation 2045 Revenue Forecast**

An important focus of long range transportation planning is the forecasting of revenues reasonably expected for use in prioritizing the Needs Plan and in developing a Cost Feasible Plan. Projected revenues are a snapshot in time of the current revenue picture and anticipated trends. An important aspect of the revenue forecast is determining transportation revenues spent on capital versus operations and maintenance (O&M). Maintaining transportation infrastructure into the future will be a continuing and central focus.

This memorandum documents the financial resources projected to be available for the Lake-Sumter Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) 2045 Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP). Coordination was conducted with the following agencies and local governments in the preparation of this forecast:

- Florida Department of Transportation;
- Lake County and Sumter County staff;
- > Lake-Sumter MPO Staff; and,
- MPO Technical Advisory Committee (TAC).

This memorandum outlines the projected financial resources available for transportation improvements in the Lake~Sumter MPO area for the period of 2025 to 2045. Financial resources for the period prior to 2025 are identified in the MPO's current Transportation Improvement Program (TIP). The projected financial resources include funds from the federal and state governments, as well as revenues generated locally, such as local fuel taxes and transportation impact fees

#### **Overview of Financial Resources**

The available revenues for the long range transportation plan can be categorized into two major categories:

- > Federal and state revenues
- Local revenues

Federal and state revenues for roadway were obtained from the 2045 MPO Revenue Forecast provided by FDOT. Federal and state revenues for transit were sourced from the most recent Lake County and Sumter County Transit Development Plans (TDPs). Input from Lake County and Sumter County staff was helpful in developing local revenue projections.

Federal and state revenues for roadway are derived from sources such as State fuel taxes, State tourism driven surcharges, vehicle related taxes, documentary stamp taxes, Turnpike tolls, and federal distributions. The revenue estimates for capacity projects presented in this document considered the following funding programs:

- > Strategic Intermodal System (SIS) Highways Construction and Right-of-Way
- > Other Roads Construction and Right-of-Way (ROW)

- Transportation Regional Incentive Program (TRIP)
- > Transportation Alternatives Program (TAP) funds listed under FDOT codes TALL and TALT
- > Federal/State Revenues and Grants for Transit
- Contributions from local revenues

The TRIP and TALT funds are shown as illustrative only and are not used in the development of cost feasible projects. FDOT only estimates TRIP funds at the District level and not at the county level; hence, the actual amount allocated to the Lake-Sumter MPO is unknown. The TRIP funds identified in Section 3 are based on the population percentage of Lake and Sumter counties within FDOT District 5 and represent a reasonable estimate of TRIP funds that may be captured within the MPO area.

Local revenue forecasts considered the following sources:

- Fuel taxes
  - » 6-Cent Local Option Fuel Tax
  - > 9th Cent Fuel Tax (charged on diesel only)
  - » Constitutional Fuel Tax
  - » County Fuel Tax
- Traffic impact fees
- 1-Cent Local Option Sales Tax

Revenue sources for transit are detailed int Table 11.

#### **Financial Projections**

#### **Revenue Estimates for Roadway Capacity Projects**

**Table 9** provides a summary of the roadway revenue totals by revenue source estimated for capital projects for the 2025-2045 period. This forecast assumes that revenues from the Lake County discretionary sales surtax will be reserved for capacity projects only. Revenues are provided in Year of Expenditure (YOE) dollars, which takes into account inflation on the current estimates. The Lake~Sumter MPO will assume that 15% of their estimates for the Other Roads Construction & ROW program can be used for "off-system" roads according to FDOT guidance.

The SIS funds are listed separate from the other State funds as SIS funds are programmed specifically for SIS projects

Table 9: Total Revenue for Roadway Capital Projects (2025-2045) (Year of Expenditure)

	Category	Total Projected Revenues 2025-2045
	Other Roads Construction and ROW	\$780,180,000
	Other Roads – Product Support	\$171,640,000
State and Federal	TALL	\$2,220,000
	TALT	\$1,916,000
	TRIP	\$12,200,000
Lake Country	Impact Fees	\$252,490,000
Lake County	Infrastructure Sales Tax (1%)	\$80,570,000
Sumter County	Impact Fees	\$258,570,000
	Subtotal (Non-SIS)	\$1,584,486,000
	Strategic Intermodal System	\$608,228,000
	Total	\$2,192,714,000

#### **Revenue Estimates for Roadway Operations and Maintenance Projects**

O&M includes activities that support and maintain transportation infrastructure once it is constructed. As directed by FDOT policy, the Department places primary emphasis on safety and preservation of the transportation system by providing adequate funding in the Revenue Forecast to meet established maintenance performance standards. As such, funding for O&M on the State Highway System (SHS) are allocated before revenues are subsequently allocated for capacity improvement projects.

The Lake-Sumter MPO also allocates local resources for ensuring acceptable operating conditions on the county major roadway network. This forecast assumes that all fuel tax revenues, including both State/Federal and local, will be committed for O&M expenditures. **Table 10** provides a summary of the estimated revenues for O&M on the SHS and local roadways.

Table 10: Total Revenue for Roadway Operations and Maintenance (2025-2045) (Year of Expenditure)

	Category	Total Projected Revenues 2025-2045
State and Federal	Districtwide SHS	\$12,480,400,000
	County Gas Tax	\$43,073,000
Lake Country	Constitutional Gas Tax	\$96,453,000
Lake County	First Local Option Gas Tax	\$151,097,000
	9th Cent Gas Tax	\$40,856,000
	County Gas Tax	\$22,915,000
Superton Country	Constitutional Gas Tax	\$51,509,000
Sumter County	First Local Option Gas Tax	\$132,926,000
	9th Cent Gas Tax	\$27,525,000
	Local Subtotal	\$566,354,000

#### **Revenue Estimates for Transit Projects**

The Cost Feasible Plan for transit includes funding the existing transit service in Lake and Sumter counties. State/Federal and local transit revenues were forecast using the 10-year revenue projections included in the most recent Lake County and Sumter County Transit Development Plans. The funding sources used to forecast revenue for Lake County and Sumter County transit are presented in **Table 11**.

Table 11: State/Federal and Local Funding Sources for Transit

Lake County	Sumter County		
State/Fede	ral Sources		
<ul> <li>&gt; FTA 5307</li> <li>&gt; FTA 5310</li> <li>&gt; FTA 5311</li> <li>&gt; FTA 5339</li> <li>&gt; Service Development Grant</li> <li>&gt; State Block Grant</li> <li>&gt; CTD funds</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FTA 5307</li> <li>FTA 5310</li> <li>FTA 5311</li> <li>Service Development Grant</li> <li>Medical Non-Emergency Transportation funds</li> <li>Community Care for Elderly/Title Ill funds</li> <li>CTD funds</li> </ul>		
Local S	Sources		
<ul> <li>General Fund</li> <li>Fare revenue</li> <li>County Motor Fuel Tax         <ul> <li>Reimbursement</li> </ul> </li> <li>Miscellaneous revenue sources</li> </ul>	> Miscellaneous revenue sources		

**Table 11** and **Table 12** present the revenues forecasted to be available for Lake County and Sumter County transit services for the 2025-2045 period, respectively.

Table 11: Total Revenue for Lake County Transit (2025-2045) (Year of Expenditure)

	Category	Total Projected Revenues 2025-2045
State and	For capital	\$35,117,000
Federal	For O&M	\$185,340,000
Land	For capital	\$9,933,000
Local	For O&M	\$51,508,000
	Total	\$281,898,000

Table 12: Total Revenue for Sumter County Transit (2025-2045) (Year of Expenditure)

	Category	Total Projected Revenues 2025-2045
State and Federal	For O&M	\$29,093,000
Local	For O&M	\$13,381,000
	Total	\$42,474,000

#### **Revenue Summary**

The Lake-Sumter 2045 LRTP revenue forecast is summarized in **Table 13**. It is estimated that the MPO will receive a total of \$780.2 million in federal and state funding for SHS and off-system roads, as well as \$171.6 million in funds for product support (PD&E and Engineering Design). An additional \$4.1 million is projected to be available through the TALU and TALL programs. In addition, an estimated \$608.2 million will be spent on SIS projects during the plan horizon. Finally, Lake and Sumter counties are estimated to generate a combined \$1.15 billion in local revenues during the LRTP period, as well as a combined \$324.4 million in transit revenues.

Table 13: Summary of Total MPO Transportation Revenues (2025-2045) (Year of Expenditure)

Category	Total Projected Revenues 2025-2045				
Projected State and Federal Revenues					
Other Roads Construction & ROW	\$780,180,000				
Other Roads – Product Support	\$171,640,000				
TALU	\$2,220,000				
TALL	\$1,916,000				
Strategic Intermodal System Projects					
SIS Revenues	\$608,228,000				
Projected Local Revenues					
Lake County Revenues	\$664,539,000				
Sumter County Revenues	\$493,445,000				
Projected Transit Revenues (Federal, State, and	local)				
Lake County Transit Revenues	\$281,898,000				
Sumter County Transit Revenues	\$42,474,000				
Total	\$3,046,540,000				

#### **Transportation Plan**

#### **Cost Feasible Plan Development**

In long range transportation planning, a Cost Feasible Plan (CFP) identifies financially viable improvements to an area's transportation network. The CFP builds upon the needs assessment, financial resources, and LRTP Goals and Objectives by prioritizing transportation improvements necessary to maintain satisfactory mobility conditions to the year 2045. The CFP is fiscally constrained; both costs of transportation improvements and revenues expected to be available to fund transportation improvements are taken into consideration.

#### **Needs Assessment**

An integral part of the Lake~Sumter MPO 2045 LRTP was the identification, evaluation, and analysis of the capacity deficiencies on the transportation network to identify the initial roadway needs. The purpose of a Needs Assessment is to identify the transportation infrastructure that is essential for accommodating future travel demand, addressing safety issues, and meeting the community's needs for the next 25 years. A Needs Assessment is fiscally unconstrained, meaning that funding requirements for improvements are not considered. The Needs Assessment serves as the basis for the development of the Cost Feasible Plan, which is constrained by anticipated funding throughout the 25-year planning range.

The Central Florida Regional Planning Model Version 7 (CFRPM v7) was used to forecast future transportation conditions with the aid of socioeconomic data, which includes population and employment, and roadway network attributes. The CFRPM v7 is a regional travel demand model that includes the nine counties represented by FDOT's District Five as follows: Brevard, Flagler, Lake, Marion, Orange, Osceola, Seminole, Sumter, and Volusia Counties. The model also contains all of Polk County and part of Indian River County for purposes of interactions with these areas.

The 2045 Existing + Committed (E+C) roadway deficiencies serve as the starting point for the development of the roadway improvement project needs. In addition to the 2045 E+C roadway deficiencies, roadways listed in the previously adopted Transportation 2040 LRTP were included. It should be noted that adjustments were made to the limits of the needs projects to provide logical termini. The final roadway Needs Assessment is shown in **Figure 1** and listed in **Table 14**.

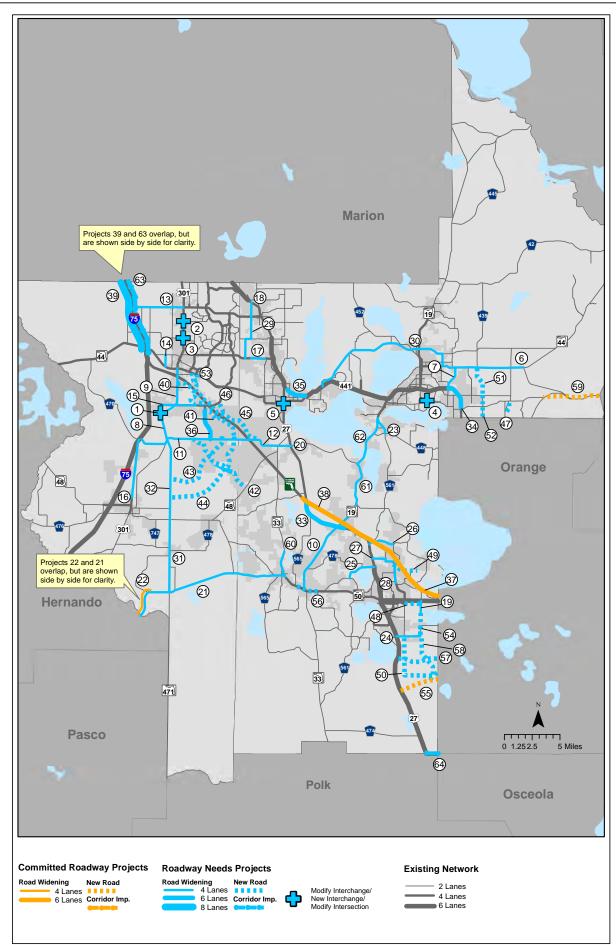
Table 14: 2045 Final Roadway Needs Projects

Map ID	Facility	From	То	Improvement			
New Interchange/Modify Intersection							
1	US-301	@ CR	-525E	Modify Intersection			
2	US-301	@ C	-472	Modify Intersection			
3	US-301	@ E C	R-462	Modify Intersection			
4	Old 441 / CR-19A	@ Eud	lora Rd	Modify Intersection			
5	SR-44	@ U	S-27	Modify Intersection			
Widen t	o 4 Lane (or equivalent ca	pacity)*					
6	SR-44	SR-44 & Orange Ave	CR-46A	Widen to 4 Lanes			
7	SR-44	US-441	E Orange Ave	Widen to 4 Lanes			
8	US-301	CR-470	CR-525E	Widen to 4 Lanes			
9	US-301	CR-525E	SR-44	Widen to 4 Lanes			
10	SR-19	SR-50	CR-455	Widen to 4 Lanes			
11	CR-470	SR-471 (CR-527)	Florida's Turnpike	Widen to 4 Lanes			
12	CR-470	TPKE West Ramps	SR-33/CR-33	Widen to 4 Lanes			
13	E Co Rd 466	I-75	US-301	Widen to 4 Lanes			
14	CR-219	SR-44	CR-44A	Widen to 4 Lanes			
15	CR-468/US-301	Commercial St	CR-507	Widen to 4 Lanes			
16	CR-475	Old Airport Rd	CR-470	Widen to 4 Lanes			
17	CR-466A	E of Timbertop Ln	Poinsettia Ave	Widen to 4 Lanes			
18	Rolling Acres Rd	Co Rd 466	Griffin Ave	Widen to 4 Lanes			
19	CR-455/Hartle Rd	Lost Lake Rd	Good Hearth Blvd	Widen to 4 Lanes			
20	CR-48	SR-33/CR-33	E of US-27 Bridge	Widen to 4 Lanes			
21	SR-50	Hernando/Sumter Co Line SR-33/CR-33		Widen to 4 Lanes			
22	SR-50	Hernando/Sumter Co Line		Widen to 4 Lanes			
23	CR-561	CR-448 SR-19		Widen to 4 Lanes			

Map ID	Facility	From	То	Improvement
24	Hartwood Marsh Rd	US-27	CR-455	Widen to 4 Lanes
25	CR-561A	CR-565A	US-27	Widen to 4 Lanes
26	CR-561/561A	US-27	N Hancock Rd	Widen to 4 Lanes
27	Citrus Grove Rd	US-27	N Hancock Rd	Widen to 4 Lanes
28	N Hancock Rd	Old Hwy 50 W	Turkey Farm Rd	Widen to 4 Lanes
29	Micro Racetrack Rd. & Rolling Acres Rd.	CR-466A	US 27/US441	Widen to 4 Lanes
30	CR-44	SR-44	US 441	Widen to 4 Lanes
31	SR-471	SR-50	SR-48	Widen to 4 Lanes
32	SR-471	SR-48	US 301	Widen to 4 Lanes
Widen t	to 6 or 8 Lane (or equivale	nt capacity)*		
33	US-27	Florida's Turnpike Ramps - N	South of SR 19	Widen to 6 Lanes
34	US-441 (SR-500)	SR-44	N of SR-46	Widen to 6 Lanes
35	US-441 (SR-500)	Perkins Street	SR-44	Widen to 6 Lanes
36	Marsh Bend Trail	C470	Corbin Trail	Widen to 6 Lanes
37	Florida's Turnpike	Minneola (274- 279.14)	Orange/Lake County Line	Widen to 6 Lanes
38	Florida's Turnpike	US27 (MP279- 289.3)	Minneola INTCHG	Widen to 6 Lanes
39	I-75	SR-44	Sumter/Marion County Line	Widen to 8 Lanes
New Ro	adway			
40	Marsh Bend Trail (New Road)	US-301	Warm Springs Ave	New 2 Lanes
41	Corbin Trail (New Road)	Warm Springs Ave	E C-470	New 2 Lanes
42	Rd A (New Road)	E C-470	CR-48	New 2 Lanes
43	Rd B (New Road)	SR-471	E C-470	New 2 Lanes
44	Rd C (New Road)	SR-471	E C-470	New 2 Lanes
45	Meggison Rd (New Road)	SR-44	E C-470	New 2 Lanes

Map ID	Facility	From	То	Improvement	
46	Morse Blvd Ext. (New Road)	Meggison Rd	CR-468	New 2 Lanes	
47	CR-437 Realignment	Oak Tree Dr	SR-46	New 2 Lanes	
48	Hooks St Ext.	Hancock Rd	CR-455/Hartle Rd	New 2 Lanes	
49	Citrus Grove Rd.	N. Hancock Rd.	Blackstill Lake Rd	New 2/4 Lanes	
50	Schofield Rd	US-27	SR-429	New 4 Lanes	
51	Round Lake Rd Ext. (A)	Wolf Branch Rd.	SR-44	New 4 Lanes	
52	Round Lake Rd Ext. (B)	Orange/Lake Co Line	Wolf Branch Rd.	New 4 Lanes	
53	Buena Vista Blvd Ext.	Meggison Rd	SR-44	New 4 Lanes	
54	CR-455/Hartle Rd	Hartwood Marsh	Lost Lake	New 4 Lanes	
55	CFX Connector	US-27	SR-429	New 4 Lanes	
56	SR-50	CR-565 (Villa City)	CR-565A (Montevista) Realignmer		
57	Wellness Way	US-27	SR-429	New 4 Lanes	
58	CR-455 Extension	CFX Connector	Hartwood/Marsh Rd	New 4 Lanes	
59	SR-429 (Wekiva Pkwy)	SR-429	Lake/Seminole County Line	New 6 Lanes	
Other					
60	CR-33	SR-50	Simon Brown Rd	Strategic Improvements	
61	SR-19	CR-455	CR-48	Strategic Improvements	
62	SR-19	CR-48	CR-561	Strategic Improvements	
63	I-75	Florida's Turnpike	Sumter/Marion County Line	Managed Lanes	
64	US-192	US-27	Orange/Lake County Line	Corridor Improvements	

<sup>\*</sup> If/when the projects advance to the Project Development and Environment (PD&E) or design phase, determine if alternative strategies such as two-way left-turn lanes, intersection improvements, operational enhancements, or multimodal solutions would effectively address level of service and mobility needs in lieu of the recommended road widening.



#### Cost Feasible Plan

Detailed tables of the Cost Feasible Plan projects are included in **Appendix B** and **Appendix C** of this document. Appendix B includes the projects with the Year-of-Expenditure (YOE) costs, while Appendix C includes the projects in terms of Present Day Cost (PDC).

**Table 15** includes Cost Feasible projects. The maps in **Figure 2** and **Figure 3** illustrate the projects shown in Table 15. The Map ID listed for each project in Table 15 are used to label the corresponding projects in Figure 2 and Figure 3. Unfunded projects are depicted in **Figure 4** and listed in both Appendix B and Appendix C. Local unfunded projects have been organized into tiers based on each county's investment priorities for local capital funds. No priority has been assigned to unfunded state or multijurisdictional projects.

**Table 15: 2045 Cost Feasible Plan Projects** 

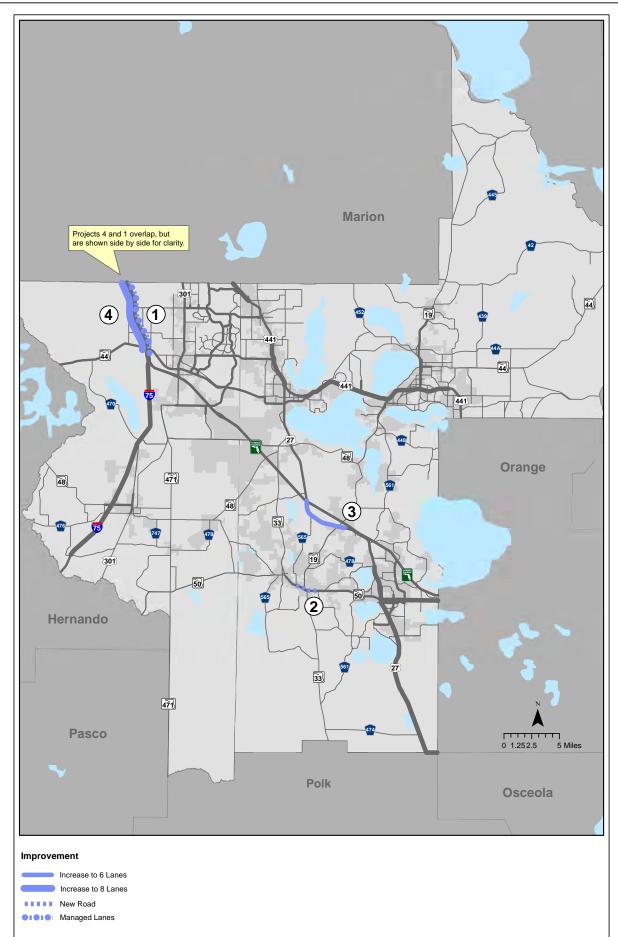
2045	2045 Capacity Projects: Fully Funded						
Map ID	Location	On Street	From	То	Improvement Type	Implementation Timeframe	
Strat	egic Interm	odal System (S	IS) Projects - Figu	re 2			
1	Lake	SR-50/SR33	CR-565 (Villa City)	CR-565A (Montevista)	Realignment	2026-2030	
2	Lake	US-27	Florida's Turnpike Ramps - N	South of SR 19	Widen to 6 Lanes	2036-2045	
3	Sumter	I-75	Florida's Turnpike	Sumter/Marion Co Line	Managed Lanes	2036-2045	
4	Sumter	I-75	SR-44	Sumter/Marion Co Line	Widen to 8 Lanes	2036-2045	
State	Projects - I	Figure 3					
5	Lake	SR-19	SR-50	CR-455	Widen to 4 Lanes	2036-2045	
6	Lake	SR-44	SR-44 & Orange Ave	CR-46A	Widen to 4 Lanes	2036-2045	
7	Lake	SR-44	US-441	E Orange Ave	Widen to 4 Lanes	2036-2045	
8	Sumter	SR-471	SR-48	US 301	Widen to 4 Lanes	2036-2045	
9	Lake	US-192	US-27	Orange/Lake County Line	Corridor Improvements	2026-2030	
10	Lake	US-441 (SR-500)	Perkins Street	SR-44	Widen to 6 Lanes	2025	
11	Lake	US-441 (SR-500)	SR-44	N of SR-46	Widen to 6 Lanes	2026-2030	

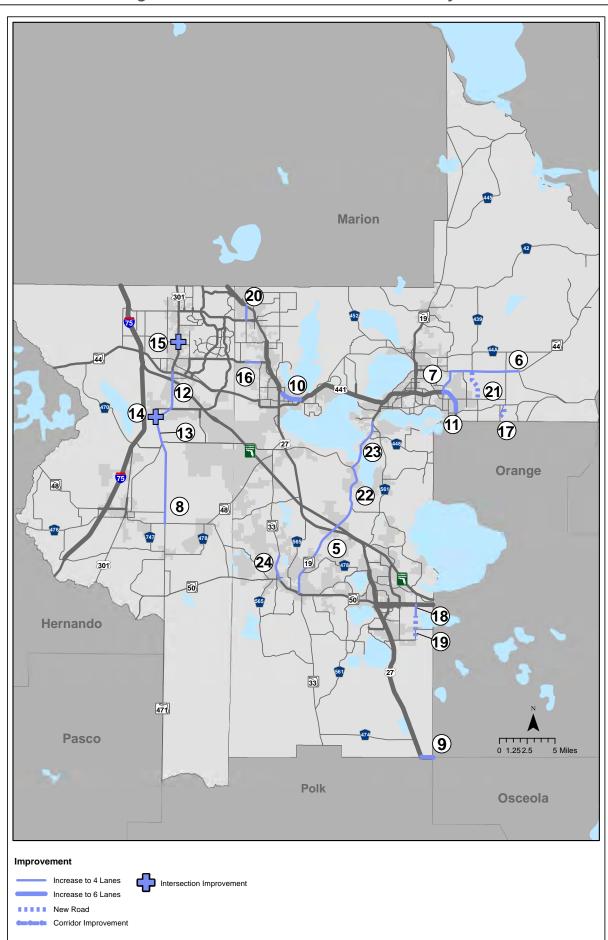
2045	2045 Capacity Projects: Fully Funded							
Map ID	Location	On Street	From	То	Improvement Type	Implementation Timeframe		
12	Sumter	US-301	CR-525E	SR-44	Widen to 4 Lanes	2031-2035		
13	Sumter	US-301	CR-470	CR-525E	Widen to 4 Lanes	2036-2045		
14	Sumter	US-301	@ CR	-525E	Modify Intersection	2036-2045		
15	Sumter	US-301	@ E C	R-462	Modify Intersection	2036-2045		
Local	Projects - F	igure 3						
16	Lake	CR-466A	E of Timbertop Lane	Poinsettia Ave	Widen to 4 Lanes	2026-2030		
17	Lake	CR-437 Realignment	Oak Tree Drive	SR-46	New 2 Lanes	2031-2035		
18	Lake	CR-455/ Hartle Rd	Lost Lake Road	Good Hearth Blvd	Widen to 4 Lanes	2026-2030		
19	Lake	CR-455/ Hartle Rd	Hartwood Marsh	Lost Lake	New 4 Lanes	2026-2030		
20	Lake	Rolling Acres Rd	Co Rd 466	Griffin Ave	Widen to 4 Lanes	2036-2045		
21	Lake	Round Lake Rd Ext. (A)	Wolf Branch Rd.	SR-44	New 4 Lanes	2036-2045		

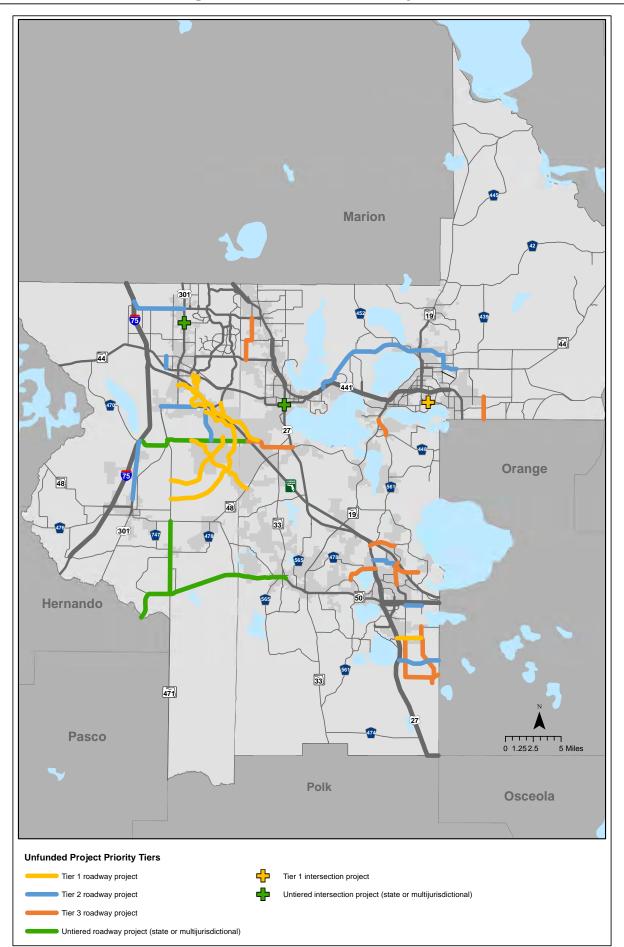
204!	2045 Capacity Projects: Partially Funded							
Map ID	Location	On Street	From	То	Improvement Type	Implementation Timeframe		
State	State Projects - Figure 3							
22	Lake	SR-19	CR-455	CR-48	Strategic Improvement*	2036-2045		
23	Lake	SR-19	CR-48	CR-561	Strategic Improvement*	2036-2045		
Local Projects - Figure 3								
24	Lake	CR-33	SR-50	Simon Brown Rd	Strategic Improvement*	2026-2030		

<sup>\*</sup>Operational capacity improvements to be determined
\*\* Use of funds may not correspond to a specific project phase shown here

Figure 2: Strategic Intermodal System (SIS) Cost Feasible Projects







#### **Bicycle and Pedestrian Needs**

The Lake~Sumter MPO has been actively engaged in identifying needs and opportunities for supporting the development of bicycle, pedestrian, and regional trails. Bicycle and pedestrian facility improvements may be implemented as part of overall roadway improvement projects or as standalone projects. Considering the needs of cyclists and pedestrians is instrumental in the development of an LRTP.

On an annual basis, the Lake~Sumter MPO prioritizes bicycle, pedestrian, and, trails projects which may be eligible for funding. These projects are included in the List of Priority Projects (LOPP) which serves as the bridge between the 5-year program of projects funded in the TIP and the long range plans and programs supported by the MPO.

#### **Complete Streets**

The MPO supports Complete Streets as an alternative transportation strategy to balance quality of life and mobility issues. Complete Streets are roadways designed to accommodate all users and may include elements such as sidewalks, bicycle lanes/paved shoulders, dedicated bus lanes, pedestrian crossings, and roundabouts. A number of Complete Streets studies in the planning area have been recently been completed, or are currently underway. These include: US 27 Traffic Calming & Complete Streets Study, US 301 Complete Streets Study (CR 466A to CR 44A), Central Avenue (SR 19) Corridor Planning Study, East Ave. Complete Streets Study, and SR 50 Corridor Planning Study (Bloxam Avenue to 12th Street, Clermont).

Additional new corridors have been identified for Complete Streets studies including SR 471 in Webster, SR 19 in Eustis, and Main Street in Leesburg.

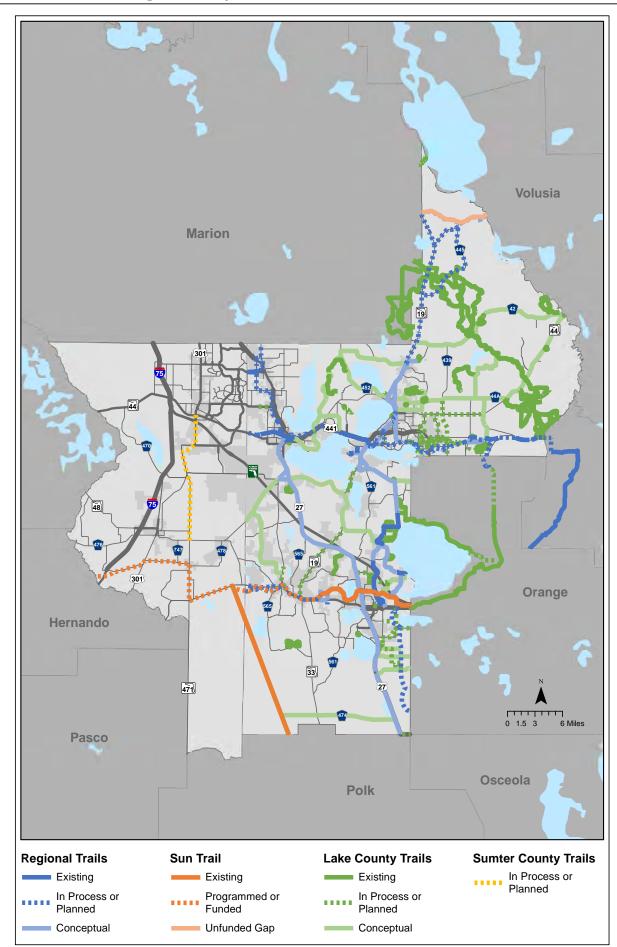
#### **Regional Trails**

The MPO continues to be a strong advocate of a robust regional trail system. There is an expanding trail network throughout the state and the MPO continues to plan for a series of paved multi-use trails that connect to other regional trails in Florida, including the Coast-to-Coast Trail, the Heart of Florida Loop, and the Wekiva Trail. The MPO's List of Priority Projects includes a combined list of all trail priorities in Tier 1 and Tier 2 with additions such as SUN Trail/Coast to Coast Connector trail segments and includes a separate ranking of trail projects as a group.

**Figure 5** depicts existing, planned, programmed, and conceptual trail locations within the planning area, as well as unfunded gaps in the SUN Trail network.

#### Safe Routes to School

The Safe Routes to School (SRTS) Program helps communities address school transportation needs while encouraging more students to walk or bicycle to school. The SRTS Program funds projects such as the construction and installation of sidewalks, shared-use paths, and other infrastructure enhancements. The MPO completed the Safe School Access Transportation Study (SSATS) which included the development of transportation master plans for each school in the study area, focusing on a 10-year planning horizon.



#### **Transit Improvements**

The Lake-Sumter MPO planning area is served by two transit service providers: LakeXpress and Sumter County Transit. LakeXpress is a fixed route system that provides public transit service throughout Lake County on a regular "fixed" schedule at designated bus stops. Sumter County Transit operates as a by-request door-to-door transportation service, available to all qualified transportation disadvantaged residents.

The primary development of transit needs occurs through the Transit Development Plan (TDP). Similar to a long-range transportation plan, the TDP identifies and prioritizes the transit plans and needs of transit agencies throughout their respective service areas. TDPs also include revenue estimates that are anticipated to support the transit operations and capital expenses over a ten-year time frame. In Florida, a TDP is required for all transit providers that receive State Public Transit Block Grant funds and a major update of the system's TDP every five years.

In August 2018, LakeXpress prepared the 2019-2028 Major Update to its TDP, which identifies potential new service (Route 1A Connection to Marion County, Express Service on US 27, and US 441 Flex Service), as well as improvements to existing routes (enhanced frequency on Routes 1, 1A, 2, 3 and 4; extending weekday services on select routes until 9:00 PM; and implementation of Saturday service on select routes).

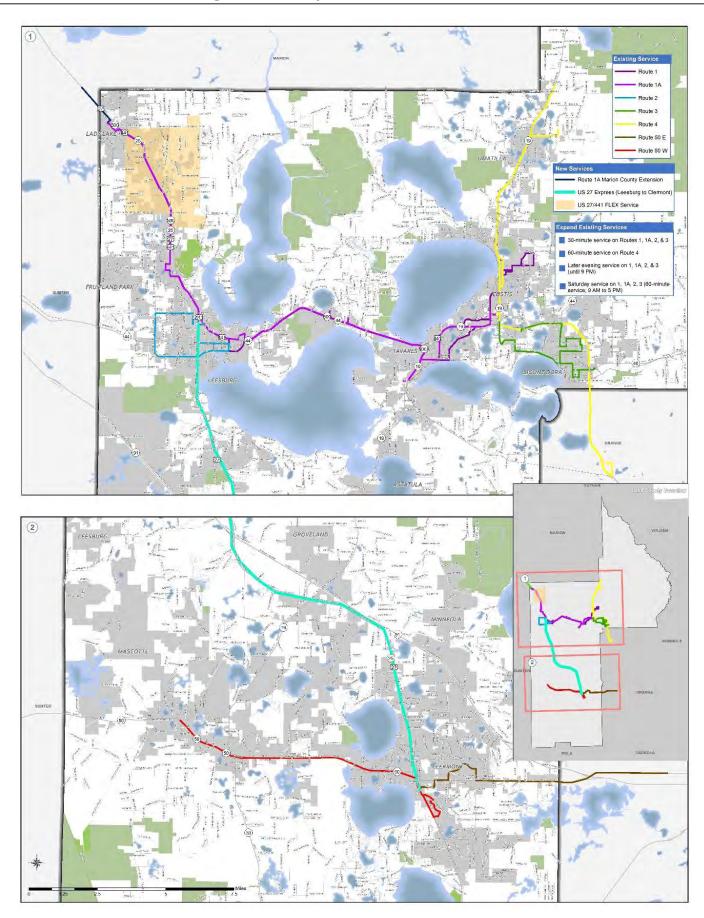
**Figure 6** illustrates existing transit routes and the 10-Year Needs Plan for LakeXpress including potential new future service and expansion of existing services.

The MPO continues to collaborate with LakeXpress and Sumter County Transit supports their respective efforts to improve access to transit, improve existing service, and plan for future expansion.

#### **Regional Transit Opportunities**

#### **Regional Transit Study**

The MPO continues to support efforts to link high-priority transit elements throughout the region. Led by the Central Florida Metropolitan Planning Organization Alliance (CFMPOA), the Regional Transit Study, completed in October 2018, is a ten-county effort to establish a regional transit vision and create a consensus on regional transit priorities in Central Florida. The study includes a list of improvements were developed as a representative list of short-term, high-priority regional transit improvements to advance the long term Regional Transit Vision. For Lake and Sumter County, the recommended investments include additional cross-jurisdictional service (e.g. connections to SunTran and LYNX) and an intermodal facility near the Turnpike/SR 50. The study also includes a survey of intercity bus services such as Red Coach that provide expanded mobility options within and beyond the MPO area.



#### **Transportation Operations and Management Strategies**

#### TSM&O

Transportation Systems Management and Operations (TSM&O) is a program based on actively managing the multimodal transportation network, measuring performance, streamlining and improving the existing system, promoting effective cooperation/collaboration, and delivering positive safety and mobility outcomes to the traveling public. The TSM&O program includes five different areas and a recent addition of a new Connected Vehicle initiative. The Connected Vehicle initiative and the five standard TSM&O program areas are summarized as follows:

Connected Vehicles (New Initiative)	<ul> <li>Coordinate with vehicle technology to quickly identify roadway hazards and alert drivers</li> <li>Use technologies such as wireless communications, Signal Phase and Timing (SPaT), roadside units, on-board units, signal priorities, emergency vehicle preemption, vehicle sensors, GPS navigation</li> </ul>
Management/ Deployments	<ul> <li>Promote ITS deployments on Florida's roadways, develop standards, maintain the ITS Strategic Plan, and implement a systems engineering process to support procurement and deployment of ITS</li> <li>Deploy advanced traveler information systems and 511</li> <li>Develop and update the ITS standards and specifications</li> <li>Provide technical support and assistance to FDOT's District Offices and other partners</li> <li>Promote and coordinate the statewide use of robust, non-proprietary ITS standards.</li> </ul>
ITS Communications	<ul> <li>Guide deployment of a communications backbone to serve ITS deployments on major corridors</li> <li>Manage and update the Statewide ITS Communications Network to support ITS deployments</li> <li>Manage the maintenance program for the Statewide ITS Communications Network to support ITS deployments and various ITS research and development initiatives</li> <li>Manage the Federal Communications Commission statewide radio license database</li> <li>Manage the Wireless General Manager Agreement, a resource sharing public/ private partnership which places commercial wireless carriers on FDOT rights-of-way, with American Tower Corporation</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Manage the SunGuide® Software System for freeway and incident management, transportation management center interoperability, and data archiving.</li> </ul>
ITS Software and	<ul> <li>Manage the Statewide ITS Architecture to promote integrated ITS regions, corridors, and projects.</li> </ul>
Architecture	<ul> <li>Coordinate ITS training to enhance the quality and quantity of the State's ITS workforce.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Unified traffic information and management system for the State of Florida ITS traffic data.</li> </ul>
Statewide Arterial	A Technical Memorandum on Adaptive Signal Control Technologies
Management Program	> Traffic Signal Maintenance and Compensation Agreement
	<ul> <li>Statewide Policy, Procedures, Manuals, and Guidance for Managed Lanes Which Includes Express Lanes</li> </ul>
	> Statewide Toll and Express Lane Team
Managed Lanes	<ul> <li>Regional Concept of Transportation Operations</li> </ul>
	> Express Lane Concept of Operations
	<ul> <li>Change Management Process for Statewide Express Lane Software</li> </ul>
	> Statewide Methodology for Determining Ingress/Egress To/From Express Lanes

#### **Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS)**

Intelligent Transportation Systems include a variety of communications and other computer technologies focused on detecting and relieving congestion and improving safety within the transportation system by enabling drivers to make well-informed travel choices. ITS technology enables information to be shared with travelers in real-time regarding traffic issues and can provide alternative routes or modes to aid in the mitigation of congestion. ITS may also alert officials to of the presence of crashes and request assistance in clearing the accident, which helps efficiently restore traffic flow. Examples of ITS strategies include:

- > Dynamic Messaging: Dynamic messaging uses changeable message signs to warn motorists of downstream queues; it provides travel time estimates, alternate route information, and information on special events, weather, or accidents.
- > Advanced Traveler Information Systems (ATIS): ATIS provide an extensive amount of data to travelers, such as real-time speed estimates on the Web or over wireless devices and transit vehicle schedule progress. It also provides information on alternative route options.
- > Integrated Corridor Management (ICM): This strategy, built on an ITS platform, provides for the coordination of the individual network operations between parallel facilities creating an interconnected system. A coordinated effort between networks along a corridor can effectively manage the total capacity in a way that will result in reduced congestion.
- > Transit Signal Priority (TSP): This strategy uses technology located onboard transit vehicles or at signalized intersections to temporarily extend green time, allowing the transit vehicle to proceed without stopping at a red light

#### Automated, Connected, Electric, and Shared-Use (ACES)

As technology continues to evolve and transform transportation at an accelerating pace, it is noted that ACES technologies will have significant impact on the MPO's future transportation systems.

ACES stands for Automated, Connected, Electric and Shared Mobility:

- > Automated vehicles that drive without direct driver input
- > Connected vehicles that communicate data to other vehicles and infrastructure
- > Electric vehicles that use electric motor(s) instead of a gas-powered engine
- > Shared Mobility shared use of a vehicle or other transportation mode, often in lieu of owning or using a personal vehicle

Personal and public vehicles alike are using increased levels of technology, and combined with shared mobility, are integrating into an existing transportation system that must be supportive of the technology. The FDOT developed guidance for ACES planning in September 2018, which will be utilized by the MPO.

#### **Congestion Management**

Lake~Sumter MPO has developed a Congestion Management Process (CMP), which is a management system and process conducted to improve safety and reliability of traffic operations by providing strategies to reduce travel demand on the roadway network or providing improvements to the overall transportation network.

The CMP is intended to provide a benefit to the public by improving travel conditions with approaches that often may be implemented more quickly or at a lower cost than many capacity improvements such as adding travel lanes or creating new travel corridors. This can include a full range of activities, including demand management and transit/multimodal improvements that may reduce usage of personal vehicles as well as intersection improvements. The CMP was key in the development of this LRTP and continues to increase in importance to long range transportation planning in general, as populations and transportation systems grow. It is a helpful tool supportive of identifying congestion and selecting projects for prioritization implementation.

The Congestion Management Process - State of the System Report summarizes the evaluations for the CMP Network as identified within the CMP Policies and Procedures Handbook based on year 2019 data. This report identifies congested corridors within the MPO's planning area, which were considered in the development of Transportation 2045.

**Table 16** includes Extremely Congested Corridors, which are those corridors exceeding 108% of Level of Service (LOS) E (physical capacity) based on 2019 and 2024 traffic volumes, and are the highest priority segments in the CMP network.

**Table 16: Extremely Congested Corridors** 

County	Segment	Miles
Lake	Florida's Turnpike – US 27 Interchange to Orange C/L	10.82
Lake	SR 19 – CR 561 to Lane Park Rd	0.90
Lake	SR 19 – Stevens Ave to Golf Links Ave	0.50
Lake	SR 44 – CR 437 to CR 46A	1.15
Lake	SR 44 – US 441 to Waycross Ave	0.45
Lake	SR 50 – East Ave to US 27	0.92
Lake	CR 44 – CR 473 to Apiary Rd	3.17
Lake	CR 44 – CR 452 to SR 19	0.68
Lake	CR 466A – Timbertop Lane to CR 468	1.38
Lake	S Hancock Rd – Hooks St to Johns Lake Rd	1.23
Lake	Hartwood Marsh Rd – US 27 to Hancock Rd	0.70
Lake	Micro Racetrack Rd – Lake Ella Rd to CR 466A	1.74
Lake	US 27 – SR 44 to CR 25A (N)	0.63
Lake	Wolf Branch Rd – US 441 to Britt Rd	1.16
Lake	Old Hwy 441 – CR 44C/Eudora Dr to Lakeshore Dr	1.06
Lake	CR 452 – CR 44/CR 452 to SR 19	0.99
Lake	Rolling Acres Rd – US 27 to CR 466	0.50
Lake	Donnelly St – 11th Ave to 5th Ave	0.38
Lake	CR 437 – Wolf Branch Rd to SR 46	0.49
Lake	Kurt St – W Lakeview Ave to David Walker Dr	0.25
Sumter	US 301 – Warm Springs Ave to Florida's Turnpike	2.73

**Table 17** includes Congested Corridors, which are those corridors exceeding their adopted service volume but not exceeding their physical capacity in either year 2019 or year 2024. These corridors will be monitored and potentially programmed for congestion management improvements.

**Table 17: Congested Corridors** 

County	Segment	Miles
Lake	Florida's Turnpike – Sumter C/L to US 27 Interchange	12.60
Lake	Main St (Leesburg) – Thomas Ave to US 27	1.03
Lake	Main St (Leesburg) – US 27 to Canal St	0.84
Lake	SR 19 – CR 455 to CR 478	7.45
Lake	SR 33 – Anderson Rd to CR 561	9.92
Lake	SR 33 – CR 561 to CR 474	2.33
Lake	SR 44 – CR 46A to Overlook Dr	8.77
Lake	SR 46 – CR 46A to Seminole C/L	2.61
Lake	US 27 – CR 44A to US 27/US 441 Split	0.15
Lake	US 441 – Lee St to N Canal St	0.42
Lake	Lakeshore Dr (Clermont) – Harder Rd to Lake Louisa Rd	0.67
Lake	CR 46A – SR 44 to SR 46 (existing alignment)	5.59
Lake	CR 46A Realignment – SR 44 to SR 46	3.65
Lake	CR 25 – Marion C/L to Griffin Ave	1.53
Lake	SR 50 – CR 455 to Orange C/L	1.53
Lake	SR 44 – Waycross Ave to Orange Ave	1.65
Lake	SR 19(N) – Stevens Ave to CR 452	1.55
Lake	CR 474 – Green Swamp Rd to US 27	3.35
Lake	CR 452 – Marion C/L to Felkins Rd	3.93
Lake	CR 50 – CR 455 to Orange C/L	1.92
Lake	CR 561 – CR 48 to S Astatula City Limit	0.63
Lake	Hartwood Marsh Rd – Hancock Rd to bend	1.41
Sumter	I-75 – Hernando C/L to CR 673	1.78
Sumter	I-75 – C-470E to SR 44	7.71
Sumter	Florida's Turnpike – I-75 to Lake County Line	10.67
Sumter	SR 50 – SR 471 to Lake C/L	6.43
Sumter	SR 50 – Hernando C/L to C-478A	2.40
Sumter	CR 104 – US 301 to CR 101	1.31

#### **FREIGHT**

Freight and goods movement is a top priority for the region and the MPO. It is important that existing trade and future economic development are supported by an effective freight network. There are a number of existing and planned commercial, manufacturing, and warehousing operations in the two-county area.

Transportation 2045 is consistent with the Central Florida Regional Freight Mobility Study and the MPO continues to support the state's freight planning process and the objectives of FDOT's Freight Mobility and Trade Plan (FMTP), which was recently updated in April 2020.

#### **M-CORES**

#### **Program Overview**

The Multi-use Corridors of Regional Economic Significance (M-CORES) Program has been created by Section 338.2278, Florida Statutes (F.S.) to revitalize rural communities, encourage job creation and provide regional connectivity while leveraging technology, enhancing quality of life and public safety, and protecting the environment and natural resources. The Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) is charged with assembling task forces to study three specific corridors:

- > The Suncoast Corridor, extending from Citrus County to Jefferson County
- > The Northern Turnpike Corridor, extending from the northern terminus of Florida's Turnpike northwest to the Suncoast Parkway
- > The Southwest-Central Florida Corridor, extending from Collier County to Polk County

The objective of the M-CORES Program is to advance the construction of regional corridors that will accommodate multiple modes of transportation and multiple types of infrastructure. The Program benefits include, but are not limited to, addressing issues such as hurricane evacuation; congestion mitigation; trade and logistics; broadband, water, and sewer connectivity; energy distribution; autonomous, connected, shared, and electric vehicle technology; other transportation modes, such as shared-use non-motorized trails, freight and passenger rail, and public transit; mobility as a service; availability of a trained workforce skilled in traditional and emerging technologies; protection or enhancement of wildlife corridors or environmentally sensitive areas; and protection or enhancement of primary springs protection zones and farmland preservation. Additional information is available at www.floridamcores.com.

#### Northern Turnpike Corridor Study Area

The Northern Turnpike Corridor study area spans four (4) counties—Citrus, Sumter, Marion, and Levy (as shown in the map). Lake~Sumter MPO area is part of the Northern Turnpike Corridor study area.

#### **LRTP Considerations**

M-CORES projects are considered to be projects of regional significance and therefore are required by Title 23 of the Code of Federal Register (CFR), Section 450.324(d) and Section 339.175(7), F.S. to be included in the MPO/TPO Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP), Transportation Improvement Program (TIP), and the State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP).

MPOs and TPOs are responsible for actively involving all affected parties in an open, cooperative, and collaborative process when developing LRTPs and TIPs. Regional coordination is required since M-CORES projects affect more than one MPO. Public participation required for the development of LRTP and TIP is neither affected nor replaced by the public engagement activities conducted as part of the M-CORES corridor development process.

Lake~Sumter MPO will use travel demand forecasts generated by the Florida Turnpike Statewide Model for M-CORES projects. As such, Lake~Sumter MPO will coordinate all M-CORES related analyses with FDOT for consistency purposes.

The proposed projects within the Northern Turnpike Corridor will be tolled facilities and will be part of the Florida's Turnpike system and the Strategic Intermodal System (SIS). The projects will be included in the LRTP and TIP/STIP in accordance with guidance provided in the FDOT MPO Program Management Handbook, as information on the projects becomes available. FDOT is working with the Northern Turnpike Corridor Task Force to develop purpose and need, guiding principles, and potential paths/courses. Lake~Sumter MPO is a member of the Northern Turnpike Corridor Task Force and is actively engaged in pertinent aspects of planning and corridor analysis through the Task Force activities. The Task Force will submit its evaluation report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by November 15, 2020.

As the M-CORES Program progresses to Project Development and Environment (PD&E), design and construction phases, FDOT will identify projects, prepare cost estimates, and coordinate with Lake~Sumter MPO to add identified projects into the LRTP and TIP. Subject to the economic and environmental feasibility statement requirements of Section 337.25, F.S., projects may be funded through Turnpike revenue bonds or right-of-way and bridge construction bonds or financing by the Florida Department of Transportation Financing Corporation; by advances from the State Transportation Trust Fund; with funds obtained through the creation of public-private partnerships; or any combination thereof. FDOT also may accept donations of land for use as transportation rights-of-way or to secure or use transportation rights-of-way for such projects in accordance with Section 337.25, F.S. To the maximum extent feasible, construction of the M-CORES projects will begin no later than December 31, 2022, and the corridors will be open to traffic no later than December 31, 2030.





# **Appendix A: System Performance Report**

#### Lake~Sumter Metropolitan Planning Organization

#### Long-Range Transportation Plan System Performance Report

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#### 1 – PURPOSE AND BACKGROUND

Pursuant to the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21) Act enacted in 2012 and the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act (FAST Act) enacted in 2015, state departments of transportation (DOT) and MPOs must apply a transportation performance management approach in carrying out their federally required transportation planning and programming activities. The process requires the establishment and use of a coordinated, performance-based approach to transportation decision-making to support national goals for the federal-aid highway and public transportation programs.

On May 27, 2016, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) issued the Statewide and Nonmetropolitan Transportation Planning; Metropolitan Transportation Planning Final Rule (The Planning Rule). This rule details how state DOTs and MPOs must implement new MAP-21 and FAST Act transportation planning requirements, including the transportation performance management provisions.

In accordance with the Planning Rule, the Lake~Sumter MPO must include a description of the performance measures and targets that apply to the MPO planning area and a System Performance Report as an element of its LRTP. The System Performance Report evaluates the condition and performance of the transportation system with respect to required performance targets, and reports on progress achieved in meeting the targets in comparison with baseline data and previous reports.

The Lake~Sumter MPO 2040 Long-Range Transportation Plan was adopted on December 9, 2015. This plan will be superseded by the 2045 LRTP in December 2020. Per the Planning Rule, the System Performance Report for the Lake~Sumter MPO is included for the required Highway Safety (PM1), Bridge and Pavement (PM2), System Performance (PM3), and Transit Asset Management.

This document is consistent with the Transportation Performance Measures Consensus Planning Document developed jointly by the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) and the Metropolitan Planning Organization Advisory Council (MPOAC). This document outlines the minimum roles of FDOT, the MPOs, and the public transportation providers in the MPO planning areas to ensure consistency to the maximum extent practicable in satisfying the transportation performance management requirements promulgated by the United States Department of Transportation in Title 23 Parts 450, 490, 625, and 673 of the Code of Federal Regulations (23 CFR).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Final Rule modified the Code of Federal Regulations at 23 CFR Part 450 and 49 CFR Part 613.

#### 2 - HIGHWAY SAFETY MEASURES (PM1)

Effective April 14, 2016, the FHWA established five highway safety performance measures<sup>2</sup> to carry out the Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP). These performance measures are:

- 1. Number of fatalities;
- 2. Rate of fatalities per 100 million vehicle miles traveled (VMT);
- 3. Number of serious injuries;
- 4. Rate of serious injuries per 100 million VMT; and
- 5. Number of non-motorized fatalities and non-motorized serious injuries.

FDOT publishes statewide safety performance targets in the HSIP Annual Report that it transmits to FHWA each year. Current safety targets address calendar year 2020. For the 2020 HSIP annual report, FDOT established statewide at "0" for each performance measure to reflect Florida's vision of zero deaths.

The Lake~Sumter MPO agreed to support FDOT's statewide safety performance targets on December 11, 2019.

Statewide system conditions for each safety performance measure are included in Table 2.1, along with system conditions in the Lake~Sumter MPO metropolitan planning area. System conditions reflect baseline performance. The latest safety conditions will be updated annually on a rolling five-year window and reflected within each subsequent system performance report, to track performance over time in relation to baseline conditions and established targets.

Table 2.1. Highway Safety (PM1) Conditions and Performance

	Florida St (Fiv	Calendar Year 2020 Florida Performance		
Performance Measures	2012-2016	2013-2017	2014-2018	Targets
Number of Fatalities	2,688.2	2,825.4	2,972.0	0
Rate of Fatalities per 100 Million VMT	1.33	1.36	1.39	0
Number of Serious Injuries	20,844.2	20,929.2	20,738.4	0
Rate of Serious Injuries per 100 Million VMT	10.36	10.13	9.77	0
Number of Non-Motorized Fatalities and Non-Motorized Serious Injuries	3,294.4	3,304.2	3,339.6	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 23 CFR Part 490, Subpart B

#### **Baseline Conditions**

After FDOT set its Safety Performance Measures targets in 2018, both FDOT and the MPO established Baseline Safety Performance Measures. To evaluate baseline Safety Performance Measures, the MPO utilized the most recent five-year rolling average (2012-2016) of crash data and VMT. Table 2.3 presents the Baseline Safety Performance Measures for Florida and Lake~Sumter MPO.

Table 2.3. Baseline Safety Performance Measures

Performance Measures	Florida Baseline Performance	Lake~Sumter MPO Baseline Performance
Number of Fatalities	2,688.2	66.4
Rate of Fatalities per 100 Million VMT	1.33	1.423
Number of Serious Injuries	20,844.2	364.6
Rate of Serious Injuries per 100 Million VMT	10.36	7.742
Number of Non-Motorized Fatalities and Non- Motorized Serious Injuries	3,294.4	40.8

#### **Trends Analysis**

The process used to develop the MPO's Long-Range Transportation Plan includes analysis of safety data trends, including the location and factors associated with crashes with emphasis on fatalities and serious injuries. These data are used to help identify regional safety issues and potential safety strategies for the LRTP and TIP.

#### Coordination with Statewide Safety Plans and Processes

The Lake~Sumter MPO recognizes the importance of linking goals, objectives, and investment priorities to established performance objectives, and that this link is critical to the achievement of national transportation goals and statewide and regional performance targets. As such, the Lake~Sumter 2045 LRTP reflects the goals, objectives, performance measures, and targets as they are available and described in other state and public transportation plans and processes; specifically, the Florida Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP), the Florida Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP), and the Florida Transportation Plan (FTP).

- The 2016 Florida Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP) is the statewide plan focusing on how to accomplish the vision of eliminating fatalities and reducing serious injuries on all public roads. The SHSP was developed in coordination with Florida's 27 metropolitan planning organizations (MPOs) through Florida's Metropolitan Planning Organization Advisory Council (MPOAC). The SHSP guides FDOT, MPOs, and other safety partners in addressing safety and defines a framework for implementation activities to be carried out throughout the state.
- The FDOT HSIP process provides for a continuous and systematic process that identifies and reviews
  traffic safety issues around the state to identify locations with potential for improvement. The goal of the
  HSIP process is to reduce the number of crashes, injuries, and fatalities by eliminating certain predominant
  types of crashes through the implementation of engineering solutions.

• Transportation projects are identified and prioritized with the MPOs and non-metropolitan local governments. Data are analyzed for each potential project, using traffic safety data and traffic demand modeling, among other data. The FDOT Project Development and Environment Manual requires the consideration of safety when preparing a proposed project's purpose and need, and defines several factors related to safety, including crash modification factor and safety performance factor, as part of the analysis of alternatives. MPOs and local governments consider safety data analysis when determining project priorities.

#### **LRTP Safety Priorities**

The Lake~Sumter 2045 LRTP increases the safety of the transportation system for motorized and non-motorized users as required. The LRTP aligns with the Florida SHSP and the FDOT HSIP with specific strategies to improve safety performance focused on prioritized safety projects, pedestrian and/or bicycle safety enhancements, and traffic operation improvements to address our goal to reduce fatalities and serious injuries.

The LRTP identifies safety needs within the metropolitan planning area and provides funding for targeted safety improvements. The MPO's emphasis on leveraging transportation investment to increase safety is reflected in the LRTP Goals and Objectives. For example, Goal 2 is to provide "Promote Safety and Security", and includes the following objectives:

- Prioritize investments to reduce crash related Fatalities for all modes of transportation.
- Prioritize investments to reduce crash related Serious Injuries for all modes of transportation.
- Prioritize investments to reduce Bicycle and Pedestrian crash related Fatalities and Serious Injuries.
- Prioritize investment on evacuation routes.
- Invest in Transit security.

There are numerous projects listed in the 2045 LRTP that will help improve safety of the Lake~Sumter transportation system, including: capacity and operational improvements, intersection improvements, grade separations, transportation systems management and operation (TSM&O), roadway and access improvements, and reconstruction projects. For a complete list of projects, please see the Transportation Plan section of the 2045 LRTP.

The Lake~Sumter 2045 LRTP will provide information from the FDOT HSIP annual reports to track the progress made toward the statewide safety performance targets. The MPO will document the progress on any safety performance targets established by the MPO for its planning area.

### 3 - PAVEMENT AND BRIDGE CONDITION MEASURES (PM2)

#### Pavement and Bridge Condition Performance Measures and Targets Overview

In January 2017, USDOT published the Pavement and Bridge Condition Performance Measures Final Rule, which is also referred to as the PM2 rule. This rule establishes the following six performance measures:

- 1. Percent of Interstate pavements in good condition;
- 2. Percent of Interstate pavements in poor condition;
- 3. Percent of non-Interstate National Highway System (NHS) pavements in good condition;
- 4. Percent of non-Interstate NHS pavements in poor condition;
- 5. Percent of NHS bridges (by deck area) classified as in good condition; and
- 6. Percent of NHS bridges (by deck area) classified as in poor condition.

The four pavement condition measures represent the percentage of lane-miles on the Interstate and non-Interstate NHS that are in good condition or poor condition. The PM2 rule defines NHS pavement types as asphalt, jointed concrete, or continuous concrete. Five metrics are used to assess pavement condition:

- International Roughness Index (IRI) an indicator of roughness; applicable to asphalt, jointed concrete, and continuous concrete pavements;
- Cracking percent percentage of the pavement surface exhibiting cracking; applicable to asphalt, jointed concrete, and continuous concrete pavements;
- Rutting extent of surface depressions; applicable to asphalt pavements only;
- Faulting vertical misalignment of pavement joints; applicable to jointed concrete pavements only; and
- Present Serviceability Rating (PSR) a quality rating applicable only to NHS roads with posted speed limits of less than 40 miles per hour (e.g., toll plazas, border crossings). States may choose to collect and report PSR for applicable segments as an alternative to the other four metrics.

For each pavement metric, a threshold is used to establish good, fair, or poor condition. Using these metrics and thresholds, pavement condition is assessed for each 0.1 mile section of the through travel lanes of mainline highways on the Interstate or the non-Interstate NHS. Asphalt pavement is assessed using the IRI, cracking, and rutting metrics, while jointed concrete is assessed using IRI, cracking, and faulting. For these two pavement types, a pavement section is rated good if the rating for all three metrics are good, and poor if the ratings for two or more metrics are poor.

Continuous concrete pavement is assessed using the IRI and cracking metrics. For this pavement type, a pavement section is rated good if both metrics are rated good, and poor if both metrics are rated poor.

If a state collects and reports PSR for any applicable segments, those segments are rated according to the PSR scale. For all three pavement types, sections that are not good or poor are rated fair.

The good/poor measures are expressed as a percentage and are determined by summing the total lane-miles of good or poor highway segments and dividing by the total lane-miles of all highway segments on the applicable system. Pavement in good condition suggests that no major investment is needed and should be considered for preservation treatment. Pavement in poor condition suggests major reconstruction investment is needed due to either ride quality or a structural deficiency.

The bridge condition measures refer to the percentage of bridges by deck area on the NHS that are in good condition or poor condition. The measures assess the condition of four bridge components: deck, superstructure, substructure, and culverts. Each component has a metric rating threshold to establish good, fair, or poor condition. Each bridge on the NHS is evaluated using these ratings. If the lowest rating of the four metrics is greater than or equal to seven, the structure is classified as good. If the lowest rating is less than or equal to four, the structure is classified as poor. If the lowest rating is five or six, it is classified as fair.

The bridge measures are expressed as the percent of NHS bridges in good or poor condition. The percent is determined by summing the total deck area of good or poor NHS bridges and dividing by the total deck area of the bridges carrying the NHS. Deck area is computed using structure length and either deck width or approach roadway width.

A bridge in good condition suggests that no major investment is needed. A bridge in poor condition is safe to drive on; however, it is nearing a point where substantial reconstruction or replacement is needed.

Federal rules require state DOTs and MPOs to coordinate when setting pavement and bridge condition performance targets and monitor progress towards achieving the targets. States must establish:

- Four-year statewide targets for the percent of Interstate pavements in good and poor condition;
- Two-year and four-year targets for the percent of non-Interstate NHS pavements in good and poor condition; and
- Two-year and four-year targets for the percent of NHS bridges (by deck area) in good and poor condition.

MPOs must establish four-year targets for all six measures. MPOs can either agree to program projects that will support the statewide targets or establish their own quantifiable targets for the MPO's planning area.

The two-year and four-year targets represent pavement and bridge condition at the end of calendar years 2019 and 2021, respectively.

#### Pavement and Bridge Condition Baseline Performance and Established Targets

This System Performance Report discusses the condition and performance of the transportation system for each applicable target as well as the progress achieved by the MPO in meeting targets in comparison with system performance recorded in previous reports. Because the federal performance measures are new, performance of the system for each measure has only recently been collected and targets have only recently been established. Accordingly, this first Lake~Sumter MPO LRTP System Performance Report highlights performance for the baseline period, which is 2017. FDOT will continue to monitor and report performance on a biennial basis. Future System Performance Reports will discuss progress towards meeting the targets since this initial baseline report.

Table 3.1 presents baseline performance for each PM2 measure for the State and for the MPO planning area as well as the two-year and four-year targets established by FDOT for the State.

Table 3.1. Pavement and Bridge Condition (PM2) Performance and Targets

Performance Measures	Statewide (2017 Baseline)	Statewide 2019 Actual	Statewide 2- year Target (2019)	Statewide 4-year Target (2021)	Lake~Sumter MPO (2017 Baseline)	Lake~Sumter MPO 2019 Actual
Percent of Interstate pavements in good condition	66.0%	68.5%	n/a	≥60%	98.6%	86.6%
Percent of Interstate pavements in poor condition	0.1%	0.2%	n/a	<5%	0%	0%
Percent of non- Interstate NHS pavements in good condition	76.4%	41.0%	≥40%	≥40%	47.4%	50.9%
Percent of non- Interstate NHS pavements in poor condition	3.6%	0.2%	<5%	<5%	0.1%	0.1%
Percent of NHS bridges (by deck area) in good condition	67.7%	74.19%	≥50%	≥50%	TBD	85.4%
Percent of NHS bridges (by deck area) in poor condition	1.2%	0.40%	<10%	<10%	TBD	0%

FDOT established the statewide PM2 targets on May 18, 2018. In determining its approach to establishing performance targets for the federal pavement and bridge condition performance measures, FDOT considered many factors. FDOT is mandated by Florida Statute 334.046 to preserve the state's pavement and bridges to specific standards. To adhere to the statutory guidelines, FDOT prioritizes funding allocations to ensure the current transportation system is adequately preserved and maintained before funding is allocated for capacity improvements. These statutory guidelines envelope the statewide federal targets that have been established for pavements and bridges.

In addition, MAP-21 requires FDOT to develop a Transportation Asset Management Plan (TAMP) for all NHS pavements and bridges within the state. The TAMP must include investment strategies leading to a program of projects that would make progress toward achievement of the state DOT targets for asset condition and performance of the NHS. FDOT's TAMP was updated to reflect MAP-21 requirements in 2018 and the final TAMP was approved on June 28, 2019.

Further, the federal pavement condition measures require a new methodology that is a departure from the methods currently used by FDOT and uses different ratings and pavement segment lengths. For bridge condition, the performance is measured in deck area under the federal measure, while the FDOT programs its bridge repair or replacement work on a bridge by bridge basis. As such, the federal measures are not directly comparable to the methods that are most familiar to FDOT.

In consideration of these differences, as well as the unfamiliarity associated with the new required processes, FDOT took a conservative approach when setting its initial pavement and bridge condition targets.

The Lake~Sumter MPO agreed to support FDOT's pavement and bridge condition performance targets on September 18, 2018 (Resolution 2018-10). By adopting FDOT's targets, the Lake~Sumter MPO agrees to plan and program projects that help FDOT achieve these targets.

The Lake~Sumter MPO recognizes the importance of linking goals, objectives, and investment priorities to established performance objectives, and that this link is critical to the achievement of national transportation goals and statewide and regional performance targets. As such, the Lake~Sumter 2045 LRTP reflects the goals, objectives, performance measures, and targets as they are described in other state and public transportation plans and processes, including the Florida Transportation Plan (FTP) and the Florida Transportation Asset Management Plan.

- The FTP is the single overarching statewide plan guiding Florida's transportation future. It defines the state's long-range transportation vision, goals, and objectives and establishes the policy framework for the expenditure of state and federal funds flowing through FDOT's work program. One of the seven goals defined in the FTP is Agile, Resilient, and Quality Infrastructure.
- The Florida Transportation Asset Management Plan (TAMP) explains the processes and policies affecting pavement and bridge condition and performance in the state. It presents a strategic and systematic process of operating, maintaining, and improving these assets effectively throughout their life cycle.

The Lake~Sumter 2045 LRTP seeks to address system preservation, identifies infrastructure needs within the metropolitan planning area, and provides funding for targeted improvements. Goal 5 of the 2045 LRTP is System Preservation, which includes the following objectives and policies:

- Objective 5.1 Maintain Transportation infrastructure
- Objective 5.2 Maintain Transit asset

On or before October 1, 2020, FDOT will provide FHWA and the Lake~Sumter MPO a detailed report of pavement and bridge condition performance covering the period of January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2019. FDOT and the Lake~Sumter MPO also will have the opportunity at that time to revisit the four-year PM2 targets.

## 4 - SYSTEM PERFORMANCE, FREIGHT, AND CONGESTION MITIGATION & AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM MEASURES (PM3)

#### System Performance/Freight/CMAQ Performance Measures and Targets Overview

In January 2017, USDOT published the System Performance/Freight/CMAQ Performance Measures Final Rule to establish measures to assess passenger and freight performance on the Interstate and non-Interstate National Highway System (NHS), and traffic congestion and on-road mobile source emissions in areas that do not meet federal National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). The rule, which is referred to as the PM3 rule, requires MPOs to set targets for the following six performance measures:

#### National Highway Performance Program (NHPP)

- 1. Percent of person-miles on the Interstate system that are reliable, also referred to as Level of Travel Time Reliability (LOTTR);
- 2. Percent of person-miles on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable (LOTTR);

#### National Highway Freight Program (NHFP)

3. Truck Travel Time Reliability index (TTTR);

#### Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program (CMAQ)

- 4. Annual hours of peak hour excessive delay per capita (PHED);
- 5. Percent of non-single occupant vehicle travel (Non-SOV); and
- 6. Cumulative 2-year and 4-year reduction of on-road mobile source emissions (NOx, VOC, CO, PM10, and PM2.5) for CMAQ funded projects.

In Florida, only the two LOTTR performance measures and the TTTR performance measure apply. Because all areas in Florida meet current NAAQS, the last three measures listed measures above pertaining to the CMAQ Program do not currently apply in Florida.

LOTTR is defined as the ratio of longer travel times (80th percentile) to a normal travel time (50th percentile) over all applicable roads during four time periods (AM peak, Mid-day, PM peak, and weekends) that cover the hours of 6 a.m. to 8 p.m. each day. The LOTTR ratio is calculated for each roadway segment, essentially comparing the segment with itself. Segments with LOTTR ≥ 1.50 during any of the above time periods are considered unreliable. The two LOTTR measures are expressed as the percent of person-miles traveled on the Interstate or non-Interstate NHS system that are reliable. Person-miles consider the number of people traveling in buses, cars, and trucks over these roadway segments. To obtain person miles traveled, the vehicle miles traveled (VMT) for each segment are multiplied by the average vehicle occupancy for each type of vehicle on the roadway. To calculate the percent of person miles traveled that are reliable, the sum of the number of reliable person miles traveled is divide by the sum of total person miles traveled.

TTTR is defined as the ratio of longer truck travel times (95<sup>th</sup> percentile) to a normal travel time (50<sup>th</sup> percentile) over the Interstate during five time periods (AM peak, Mid-day, PM peak, weekend, and overnight) that cover all hours of the day. TTTR is quantified by taking a weighted average of the maximum TTTR from the five time periods for each Interstate segment.

The maximum TTTR is weighted by segment length, then the sum of the weighted values is divided by the total Interstate length to calculate the Travel Time Reliability Index.

The data used to calculate these PM3 measures are provided by FHWA via the National Performance Management Research Data Set (NPMRDS). This dataset contains travel times, segment lengths, and Annual Average Daily Travel (AADT) for Interstate and non-Interstate NHS roads.

The PM3 rule requires state DOTs and MPOs to coordinate when establishing performance targets for these measures and to monitor progress towards achieving the targets. FDOT must establish:

- Two-year and four-year statewide targets for percent of person-miles on the Interstate system that are reliable;
- Four-year targets for the percent of person-miles on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable<sup>3</sup>; and
- Two-year and four-year targets for truck travel time reliability

MPOs must establish four-year performance targets for all three measures within 180 days of FDOT establishing statewide targets. MPOs establish targets by either agreeing to program projects that will support the statewide targets or setting quantifiable targets for the MPO's planning area.

The two-year and four-year targets represent system performance at the end of calendar years 2019 and 2021, respectively.

#### PM3 Baseline Performance and Established Targets

The System Performance Report discusses the condition and performance of the transportation system for each applicable PM3 target as well as the progress achieved by the MPO in meeting targets in comparison with system performance recorded in previous reports. Because the federal performance measures are new, performance of the system for each measure has only recently been collected and targets have only recently been established. Accordingly, this Lake~Sumter MPO LRTP System Performance Report highlights performance for the baseline period, which is 2017. FDOT will continue to monitor and report performance on a biennial basis. Future System Performance Reports will discuss progress towards meeting the targets since this initial baseline report.

Table 4.1 presents baseline performance for each PM3 measure for the state and for the MPO planning area as well as the two-year and four-year targets established by FDOT for the state.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Beginning with the second performance period covering January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2025, two-year targets will be required in addition to four-year targets for the percent of person-miles on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable measure.

Table 4.1. System Performance and Freight (PM3) - Performance and Targets

Performance Measures	Statewide (2017 Baseline)	Statewide 2019 Actual	Statewide 2-year Target (2019)	Statewide 4-year Target (2021)	Lake~Sumter MPO (2017 Baseline)	Lake~Sumter MPO 2019 Actual
Percent of person-miles on the Interstate system that are reliable	82.2%	83%	≥75.0%	≥70.0%	100%	100%
Percent of person-miles on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable	84.0%	87%	n/a	≥50.0%	99%	97%
Truck travel time reliability index (TTTR)	1.43	1.45	≤1.75	≤2.00	1.26	1.32

FDOT established the statewide PM3 targets on May 18, 2018. In setting the statewide targets, FDOT reviewed external and internal factors that may affect reliability, conducted a trend analysis for the performance measures, and developed a sensitivity analysis indicating the level of risk for road segments to become unreliable within the time period for setting targets. One key conclusion from this effort is that there is a lack of availability of extended historical data with which to analyze past trends and a degree of uncertainty about future reliability performance. Accordingly, FDOT took a conservative approach when setting its initial PM3 targets.

The Lake~Sumter MPO agreed to support FDOT's PM3 targets on September 18, 2018 (Resolution 2018-10). By adopting FDOT's targets, the Lake~Sumter MPO agrees to plan and program projects that help FDOT achieve these targets.

The Lake~Sumter MPO recognizes the importance of linking goals, objectives, and investment priorities to established performance objectives, and that this link is critical to the achievement of national transportation goals and statewide and regional performance targets. As such, the Lake~Sumter MPO 2045 LRTP reflects the goals, objectives, performance measures, and targets as they are described in other state and public transportation plans and processes, including the Florida Transportation Plan (FTP) and the Florida Freight Mobility and Trade Plan.

- The FTP is the single overarching statewide plan guiding Florida's transportation future. It defines the state's long-range transportation vision, goals, and objectives and establishes the policy framework for the expenditure of state and federal funds flowing through FDOT's work program. One of the seven goals of the FTP is Efficient and Reliable Mobility for People and Freight.
- The Florida Freight Mobility and Trade Plan presents a comprehensive overview of the conditions of the
  freight system in the state, identifies key challenges and goals, provides project needs, and identifies
  funding sources. Truck reliability is specifically called forth in this plan, both as a need as well as a goal.

The Lake~Sumter MPO 2045 LRTP seeks to address system reliability and congestion mitigation through various means, including capacity expansion and operational improvements. Goal 1 of the 2045 LRTP is to Support Economic Success and Community Values and includes the objective of reducing congestion and improving travel reliability for the traveling public and freight users on highways and major arterials. The MPO prepared a State of the System Report for its Congestion Management Process in December 2019 which summarizes the evaluations for the CMP Network as identified within the CMP Policies and Procedures Handbook based on year 2019 data. This report identifies congested corridors within the MPO's planning area, which were considered in the development of the 2045 LRTP.

On or before October 1, 2020, FDOT will provide FHWA and the Lake~Sumter MPO a detailed report of performance for the PM3 measures covering the period of January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2019. FDOT and the Lake~Sumter MPO also will have the opportunity at that time to revisit the four-year PM3 targets.

#### 5 - TRANSIT ASSET MANAGEMENT MEASURES

#### Transit Asset Performance

On July 26, 2016, FTA published the final Transit Asset Management (TAM) rule. This rule applies to all recipients and subrecipients of Federal transit funding that own, operate, or manage public transportation capital assets. The rule defines the term "state of good repair," requires that public transportation providers develop and implement TAM plans, and establishes state of good repair standards and performance measures for four asset categories: equipment, rolling stock, infrastructure, and facilities. The rule became effective on October 1, 2018.

Table 5.1 below identifies performance measures outlined in the final rule for transit asset management.

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Lanie	י ר	HIA	IAN	Performance	Measures

Asset Category	Performance Measure and Asset Class
1. Equipment	Percentage of non-revenue, support-service and maintenance vehicles that have met or exceeded their useful life benchmark
2. Rolling Stock	Percentage of revenue vehicles within a particular asset class that have either met or exceeded their useful life benchmark
3. Infrastructure	Percentage of track segments with performance restrictions
4. Facilities	Percentage of facilities within an asset class rated below condition 3 on the TERM scale

For equipment and rolling stock classes, useful life benchmark (ULB) is defined as the expected lifecycle of a capital asset, or the acceptable period of use in service, for a particular transit provider's operating environment. ULB considers a provider's unique operating environment such as geography and service frequency.

Public transportation agencies are required to establish and report transit asset management targets annually for the following fiscal year. Each public transit provider or its sponsors must share its targets, TAM, and asset condition information with each MPO in which the transit provider's projects and services are programmed in the MPO's TIP.

MPOs are required to establish initial transit asset management targets within 180 days of the date that public transportation providers establish initial targets. However, MPOs are not required to establish transit asset management targets annually each time the transit provider establishes targets. Instead, subsequent MPO targets must be established when the MPO updates the LRTP.

When establishing transit asset management targets, the MPO can either agree to program projects that will support the transit provider targets or establish its own separate regional transit asset management targets for the MPO planning area. In cases where two or more providers operate in an MPO planning area and establish different targets for a given measure, the MPO has the option of coordinating with the providers to establish a single target for the MPO planning area, or establishing a set of targets for the MPO planning area that reflects the differing transit provider targets.

To the maximum extent practicable, transit providers, states, and MPOs must coordinate with each other in the selection of performance targets.

The TAM rule defines two tiers of public transportation providers based on size parameters. Tier I providers are those that operate rail service or more than 100 vehicles in all fixed route modes, or more than 100 vehicles in one non-fixed route mode. Tier II providers are those that are a subrecipient of FTA 5311 funds, or an American Indian Tribe, or have 100 or less vehicles across all fixed route modes, or have 100 vehicles or less in one non-fixed route mode. A Tier I provider must establish its own transit asset management targets, as well as report performance and other data to FTA. A Tier II provider has the option to establish its own targets or to participate in a group plan with other Tier II providers whereby targets are established by a plan sponsor, typically a state DOT, for the entire group.

A total of 20 transit providers participated in the FDOT Group TAM Plan and continue to coordinate with FDOT on establishing and reporting group targets to FTA through the National Transit Database (NTD) (Table 5.2). The participants in the FDOT Group TAM Plan are comprised of the Section 5311 Rural Program and open-door Section 5310 Enhanced Mobility of Seniors & Individuals with Disabilities FDOT subrecipients. The Group TAM Plan was adopted in October 2018 and covers fiscal years 2018-2019 through 2021-2022. Updated targets were submitted to NTD in 2019.

Table 5.2. Florida Group TAM Plan Participants

District	Participating Transit Providers	
1	Good Wheels, Inc <sup>1</sup> Central Florida Regional Planning Council	DeSoto County Transportation
2	Suwannee Valley Transit Big Bend Transit Baker County Transit Nassau County Transit	Ride Solution Levy County Transit Suwannee River Economic Council
3	Tri-County Community Council Big Bend Transit <sup>2</sup> Gulf County ARC	Calhoun Transit Liberty County Transit JTRANS Wakulla Transit
4	No participating providers	
5	Sumter Transit Marion Transit	Flagler County Public Transportation
6	Key West Transit	
7	No participating providers	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>no longer in service

The MPO has the following Tier I and Tier II providers operating in the region:

The Lake~Sumter MPO planning area is served by two transit service providers: LakeXpress and Sumter County Transit. LakeXpress and Sumter County Transit are considered Tier II providers. LakeXpress has developed its own TAM Plan; however, Sumter County Transit is included in a group TAM plan developed by the FDOT Public Transit Office.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> provider service area covers portions of Districts 1 and 2

On August 20, 2018, Lake~Sumter MPO agreed to support the LakeXpress transit asset management targets, thus agreeing to plan and program projects in the TIP that once implemented, are anticipated to make progress toward achieving the transit provider targets.

#### Lake County - LakeXpress

LakeXpress is a TAM Tier II transit agency operated by the Lake County Board of County Commissioners in Lake County, Florida. The Lake County transit system consists of seven fixed-routes and additional Paratransit service called Lake County Connection. LakeXpress Routes 4 and 50 each travel into Orange County, providing opportunities for regional connectivity via Lynx transit, which primarily serves Orange, Seminole, and Osceola Counties.

LakeXpress established the transit asset targets identified in Table 5.3 on September 20, 2018:

The transit asset management targets are based on the condition of existing transit assets and planned investments in equipment, rolling stock, infrastructure, and facilities. The targets reflect the most recent data available on the number, age, and condition of transit assets, and expectations and capital investment plans for improving these assets. The table summarizes both existing conditions for the most recent year available, and the targets.

Table 5.3. FTA TAM Targets for LakeXpress

Asset Category Performance Measure	Asset Class	FY 2018 Asset Condition	FY 2019 Target	FY 2020 Target	FY 2021 Target	FY 2022 Target
Rolling Stock		·				
	Buses	31%	19%	31%	31%	0%
Age - % of revenue vehicles within a particular asset class	Cutaways	23%	6%	61%	61%	48%
that have met or exceeded their ULB	Minivans	0%	0%	0%	100%	0%
	Vans	60%	0%	0%	0%	40%
Equipment						
Age - % of non-revenue vehicles within a particular asset class that have met or exceeded their ULB	Non-Revenue Vehicles	43%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Facilities						
Condition - % of facilities with a condition rating below 3.0 on the FTA Transit Economic Requirements Model (TERM) Scale	Administrative Office	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

#### Sumter County – Sumter County Transit

Sumter County Transit is part of the Group TAM Plan for Fiscal Years 2018/2019-2022/2023 developed by FDOT for Tier II providers in Florida and coordinates with FDOT on reporting of group targets to NTD. The FY 2019 asset conditions and 2020 targets for the Tier II providers are shown in Table 5.4.

The statewide group TAM targets are based on the condition of existing transit assets and planned investments in equipment, rolling stock, infrastructure, and facilities over the next year. The targets reflect the most recent data available on the number, age, and condition of transit assets, and expectations and capital investment plans for improving these assets during the next fiscal year.

As required by FTA, FDOT will update this TAM Plan at least once every four years. FDOT will update the statewide performance targets for the participating agencies on an annual basis and will notify the participating transit agencies and the MPOs in which they operate when the targets are updated.

Table 5.4. FDOT Group Plan Transit Asset Management Targets for Tier II Providers

Asset Category - Performance Measure	Asset Class	FY 2019 Asset Conditions	FY 2020 Performance Target
Revenue Vehicles			
	Automobile	55%	≤45%
	Bus	15%	≤13%
Age - % of revenue vehicles within a particular	Cutaway Bus	28%	≤28%
asset class that have met or exceeded their Useful Life Benchmark (ULB)	School Bus	31%	≤28%
	Mini-Van	13%	≤11%
	SUV	0%	≤0%
	Van	47%	≤34%
Equipment			
Ечиричен	Non-Revenue/Service Automobile	67%	≤67%
Age - % of equipment or non-revenue vehicles	Trucks and other Rubber Tire Vehicles	FY 2019 Asset Conditions    55%     15%     28%     31%     0%     47%     e/Service   67%     ther Vehicles   50%     100%	≤40%
within a particular asset class that have met or exceeded their Useful Life Benchmark (ULB)	Maintenance Equipment	50%	50%
	Routing and Scheduling Software	100%	100%
Facilities			
Condition - % of facilities with a condition	Administration	0%	≤9%
rating below 3.0 on the FTA Transit Economic Requirements Model (TERM) Scale	Maintenance	6%	≤12%

These targets for the MPO planning area reflect the targets established by LakeXpress through their Transit Asset Management Plan, as well as the statewide targets established by FDOT for those providers participating in the Group Transit Asset Management Plan, which includes Sumter County Transit.

#### **TAM Performance**

The Lake~Sumter MPO recognizes the importance of linking goals, objectives, and investment priorities to stated performance objectives, and that establishing this link is critical to the achievement of national transportation goals and statewide and regional performance targets. As such, the LRTP directly reflects the goals, objectives, performance measures, and targets as they are described in other public transportation plans and processes, including the Lake-Sumter Transit Development Plan and the current Lake~Sumter MPO 2045 LRTP.

To support progress towards TAM performance targets, transit investment and maintenance funding in the 2045 LRTP totals \$324.4 million, approximately 11 percent of total LRTP funding. Improving the State of Good Repair (SGR) of capital assets is an overarching goal of this process.

#### 6 - TRANSIT SAFETY PERFORMANCE

The Federal Transit Administration (FTA) published a final Public Transportation Agency Safety Plan (PTSAP) rule and related performance measures as authorized by Section 20021 of the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century Act (MAP– 21). The PTASP rule requires operators of public transportation systems that receive federal financial assistance under 49 U.S.C. Chapter 53 to develop and implement a PTASP based on a safety management systems approach. Development and implementation of PTSAPs is anticipated to help ensure that public transportation systems are safe nationwide.

The rule applies to all operators of public transportation that are a recipient or sub-recipient of FTA Urbanized Area Formula Grant Program funds under 49 U.S.C. Section 5307, or that operate a rail transit system that is subject to FTA's State Safety Oversight Program. The rule does not apply to certain modes of transit service that are subject to the safety jurisdiction of another Federal agency, including passenger ferry operations that are regulated by the United States Coast Guard, and commuter rail operations that are regulated by the Federal Railroad Administration.

#### **Transit Safety Performance Measures**

The transit agency sets targets in the PTASP based on the safety performance measures established in the National Public Transportation Safety Plan (NPTSP). The required transit safety performance measures are:

- 1. Total number of reportable fatalities.
- 2. Rate of reportable fatalities per total vehicle revenue miles by mode.
- 3. Total number of reportable injuries.
- 4. Rate of reportable injuries per total vehicle revenue miles by mode.
- 5. Total number of reportable safety events.
- 6. Rate of reportable events per total vehicle revenue miles by mode.
- 7. System reliability Mean distance between major mechanical failures by mode.

Each provider of public transportation that is subject to the rule must certify it has a PTASP, including transit safety targets for the above measures, in place no later than July 20, 2020. However, on April 22, 2020, FTA issued a Notice of Enforcement Discretion that extends the PTASP deadline to December 31, 2020 due to the extraordinary operational challenges presented by the COVID-19 public health emergency.

Once the public transportation provider establishes targets, it must make the targets available to MPOs to aid in the planning process. MPOs have 180 days after receipt of the PTASP targets to establish transit safety targets for the MPO planning area. In addition, the Lake~Sumter MPO must reflect those targets in any LRTP and TIP updated on or after July 20, 2021.

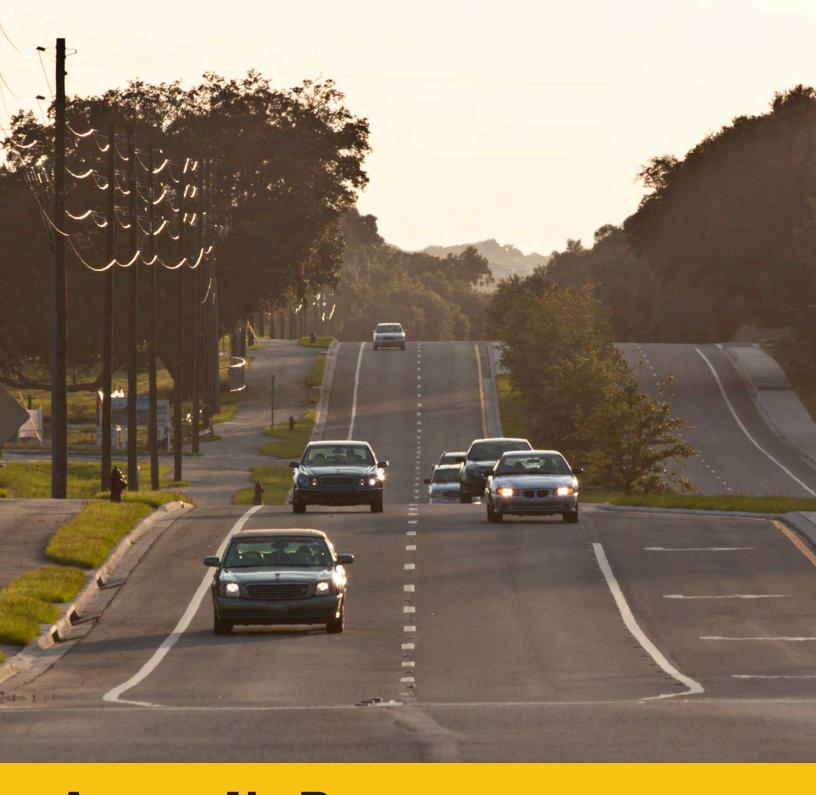
In Florida, each Section 5307 and 5311 transit providers must develop a System Safety Program Plan (SSPP) under Chapter 14-90, Florida Administrative Code. FDOT technical guidance recommends that Florida's transit agencies revise their existing SSPPs to be compliant with the new FTA PTASP requirements.

#### Transit Provider Coordination with States and MPOs

Key considerations for MPOs and transit agencies:

- Transit operators are required to review, update, and certify their PTASP annually.
- A transit agency must make its safety performance targets available to states and MPOs to aid in the planning process, along with its safety plans.
- To the maximum extent practicable, a transit agency must coordinate with states and MPOs in the selection of state and MPO safety performance targets.
- MPOs are required to establish initial transit safety targets within 180 days of the date that public transportation providers establish initial targets. MPOs are not required to establish transit safety targets annually each time the transit provider establishes targets. Instead, subsequent MPO targets must be established when the MPO updates the TIP or LRTP. When establishing transit safety targets, the MPO can either agree to program projects that will support the transit provider targets or establish its own regional transit targets for the MPO planning area. In cases where two or more providers operate in an MPO planning area and establish different targets for a given measure, the MPO has the option of coordinating with the providers to establish a single target for the MPO planning area, or establishing a set of targets for the MPO planning area that reflects the differing transit provider targets.
- MPOs and states must reference those targets in their long-range transportation plans. States and MPOs must each describe the anticipated effect of their respective transportation improvement programs toward achieving their targets.

Over the course of 2020-2021, the Lake~Sumter MPO will coordinate with public transportation providers in the planning area on the development and establishment of transit safety targets. LRTP amendments or updates after July 20, 2021 will include the required details about transit safety performance data and targets.



## Appendix B: Cost Feasible Projects Year of Expenditure (YOE)

# **2045 LRTP Cost Feasible Capacity Projects (YOE)**

Lake-Sumter MPO

2045 Capacity Projects: Fully Funded

	Location	On Street	From Street	To Street	Mi.	Improv	PD&E Time		O&E Cost (YOE)	PD&E Source	PE Time	PE Cost (YOE)	PD&E Source	ROW Time	ROW Cost (YOE)	ROW Source	CST Time	CST Cost (YOE)	CST Source	Funded Level
Strat	egic Intern	nodal System (SIS) Projec	ts (Map A1)																	
1	Lake	SR-50	CR-565 (Villa City)	CR-565A (Montevista)	2.10	Realign	COMPLETE	\$	1,603,000	SIS	COMPLETE	\$ 3,206,000	SIS	2020-2024	\$ 25,645,000	SIS	2026-2030	\$ 42,314,000	SIS	Fully Funded
2	Lake	US-27	Florida's Turnpike Ramps - N	South of SR 19	4.71	4D-6D	2031-2035	\$	9,378,000	SIS	2031-2035	\$ 5,348,000	SIS	2036-2045	\$ 62,092,000	SIS	2036-2045	\$ 106,522,000	SIS	Fully Funded
3	Sumter	I-75	Florida's Turnpike	Sumter/Marion Co Line	6.95	MGLANE	2031-2035	\$	3,920,000	SIS	2031-2035	\$ 12,400,000	SIS	2036-2045	\$ 51,250,000	SIS	2036-2045	\$ 410,000,000	SIS	Fully Funded
4	Sumter	I-75	SR-44	Sumter/Marion Co Line	6.37	6D-8D	2031-2035	\$ 2	21,295,000	SIS	2031-2035	\$ 8,813,000	SIS	2036-2045	\$ 14,571,000	SIS	2036-2045	\$ 76,650,000	SIS	Fully Funded
State	Projects (	Map A2)																		
5	Lake	SR-19	SR-50	CR-455	9.33	2U-4D	2026-2030	\$	3,299,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 6,598,000	Prod. Sup.	2031-2035	\$ 61,985,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 102,476,000	OA	Fully Funded
6	Lake	SR-44	SR-44 & Orange Ave	CR-46A	6.15	2U-4D	2025	\$	1,960,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 4,348,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 34,787,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 67,531,000	OA	Fully Funded
7	Lake	SR-44	US-441	E Orange Ave	2.10	2U-4D	COMPLETE	\$	1,325,000	Prod. Sup.	COMPLETE	\$ 2,650,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 1,287,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 54,325,000	OA	Fully Funded
8	Sumter	SR-471	SR-48	US 301	7.17	2U-4D	2026-2030	\$	1,385,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 2,770,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 19,392,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 43,023,000	OA	Fully Funded
9	Lake	US-192	US-27	Orange/Lake County Line	1.04	Corr. Imp.	2025	\$	107,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 238,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 1,900,000	OA	2026-2030	\$ 2,375,000	OA	Fully Funded
10	Lake	US-441 (SR-500)	Perkins Street	SR-44	1.71	4D-6D	COMPLETE	\$	690,000	Prod. Sup.	COMPLETE	\$ 1,379,000	Prod. Sup.	COMPLETE	\$ 11,036,000	OA	2025	\$ 16,415,000	OA	Fully Funded
11	Lake	US-441 (SR-500)	SR-44	N of SR-46	2.39	4D-6D	COMPLETE	\$	1,112,000	Prod. Sup.	COMPLETE	\$ 2,223,000	Prod. Sup.	2020-2024	\$ 2,209,000	OA	2026-2030	\$ 29,348,000	OA	Fully Funded
12	Sumter	US-301	CR-525E	SR-44	5.43	2U-4D	COMPLETE	\$	4,993,000	Prod. Sup.	2025	\$ 6,933,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 25,456,000	OA	2031-2035	\$ 90,303,000	OA	Fully Funded
13	Sumter	US-301	CR-470	CR-525E	2.32	2U-4D	2026-2030	\$	9,406,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 2,772,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 10,844,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 43,091,000	OA	Fully Funded
14	Sumter	US-301	@ CR-52	25E	N/A	Int. Imp.	2026-2030	\$	338,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 677,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 5,415,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 10,513,000	OA	Fully Funded
15	Sumter	US-301	@ E CR-	462	N/A	Int. Imp.	2026-2030	\$	338,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 677,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 5,415,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 10,513,000	OA	Fully Funded
Loca	Projects (	Map A2)																		
16	Lake	CR-466A	E of Timbertop Ln	Poinsettia Ave	1.29	2U-4D	COMPLETE	\$	361,000	OA	COMPLETE	\$ 722,000	OA	COMPLETE	\$ 3,612,000	OA	2026-2030	\$ 9,535,000	OA	Fully Funded
17	Lake	CR-437 Realignment	Oak Tree Dr	SR-46	1.12	00-2U	COMPLETE	\$	274,000	OA	2020-2024	\$ 874,000	OA	2031-2035	\$ 5,802,000	OA	2031-2035	\$ 8,503,000	OA	Fully Funded
18	Lake	CR-455/Hartle Rd	Lost Lake Rd	Good Hearth Blvd	1.02	2U-4D	COMPLETE	\$	61,000	OA	COMPLETE	\$ 121,000	OA	COMPLETE	\$ 607,000	OA	2026-2030	\$ 1,603,000	OA	Fully Funded
19	Lake	CR-455/Hartle Rd	Hartwood Marsh	Lost Lake	2.16	00-2U	COMPLETE	\$	651,000	OA	2025	\$ 744,000	OA	2031-2035	\$ 4,650,000	OA	2026-2030	\$ 17,187,000	OA	Fully Funded
20	Lake	Rolling Acres Rd	Co Rd 466	Griffin Ave	1.28	2U-4D	2026-2030	\$	1,188,000	OA	2026-2030	\$ 849,000	OA	2025	\$ 3,825,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 13,180,000	OA	Fully Funded
21	Lake	Round Lake Rd Ext. (A)	Wolf Branch Rd.	SR-44	2.61	00-4D	COMPLETE	\$	1,070,000	OA	2020-2024	\$ 1,288,000	OA	2031-2035	\$ 9,445,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 43,878,000	OA	Fully Funded

2045 Capacity Projects: Partially Funded (Map A2)

ID	Location	On Street	From Street	To Street	Mi.	Improv Type	PD&E Time	PD&E (YO		PD&E Source	PE Time	PE Cost (YOE)	PD&E Source	ROW Time	ROW Cost (YOE)	ROW Source	CST Time	CST Cost (YOE)	CST Source	Funded Level
Stat	te Projects (Map A2)																			
22	Lake	SR-19	CR-455	CR-48	3.93	Strat. Imp.*	2025	\$ 5	95,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 660,000	Prod. Sup.	2031-2035	\$ -	OA	2036-2045	\$ 4,417,000	OA	Partially Funded
23	Lake	SR-19	CR-48	CR-561	4.76	Strat. Imp.*	COMPLETE	\$	-	Prod. Sup.	COMPLETE	\$ -	Prod. Sup.	2031-2035	\$ -	OA	2036-2045	\$ 5,125,000	OA	Partially Funded
Loca	l Projects						•													
	Lake	CR-33	SR-50	Simon Brown Rd	2.37	Strat. Imp.*	2025	, г	95,000	Prod. Sup.	2026 2020	\$ 660,000	Prod. Sup.	2021 2025	<b>č</b>	OA	2026-2030	\$ 6,600,000	OA	Partially Funded

<sup>\*</sup>Operational capacity improvements to be determined

# **2045 LRTP Cost Feasible Capacity Projects (YOE)**

Lake-Sumter MPO

#### **State: Unfunded Needs**

Priority*	ID	County	Jurisdiction	On Street	From Street	To Street	Mi.	Improvement
	25	Sumter	Other State	US-301	@ (	C-472	N/A	Modify Intersection
N/A	26	Lake	Other State	SR-44	@ L	JS-27	N/A	Modify Intersection
IN/A	27	Lake	Other State	SR-471	SR-50	SR-48	6.48	Widen to 4 Lanes
	28	Lake/Sumter	SIS	SR-50	Hernando/Sumter Co Line	SR-33/CR-33	14.99	Widen to 4 Lanes

#### **Lake County: Unfunded Needs**

Priority*	ID	Jurisdiction	On Street	From Street	To Street	Mi.	Improvement
Tier 1	29	Non-State	Old 441 / CR-19A	@ Euc	dora Rd	N/A	Modify Intersection
Hel I	30	Non-State	Hartwood Marsh Rd	US-27	CR-455	2.17	Widen to 4 Lanes
	31	Non-State	Hooks St Ext.	Hancock Rd	CR-455/Hartle Rd	1.47	New 2 Lanes
Tier 2	32	Non-State	CR-44	SR-44	US 441	15.39	Widen to 4 Lanes
ilei 2	33	Non-State	Wellness Way	US-27	SR-429	3.59	New 4 Lanes
	34	Non-State	Citrus Grove Rd	US-27	N Hancock Rd	2.45	Widen to 4 Lanes
	35	Non-State	Round Lake Rd Ext. (B)	Orange/Lake Co Line	Wolf Branch Rd.	2.05	New 4 Lanes
	36	Non-State	Micro Racetrack Rd. & Rolling Acres Rd.	CR-466A	US 27/US441	4.29	Widen to 4 Lanes
	37	Non-State	CR-470	TPKE West Ramps	SR-33/CR-33	3.12	Widen to 4 Lanes
	38	Non-State	Citrus Grove Rd.	N. Hancock Rd.	Blackstill Lake Rd	1.50	New 2/4 Lanes
	39	Non-State	CR-48	SR-33/CR-33	E of US-27 Bridge	1.26	Widen to 4 Lanes
Tier 3	40	Non-State	CR-561	CR-448	SR-19	1.62	Widen to 4 Lanes
	41	Non-State	CR-561A	CR-565A	US-27	2.79	Widen to 4 Lanes
	42	Non-State	CR-455 Extension	CFX Connector	Hartwood/Marsh Rd	5.55	New 4 Lanes
	43	Non-State	Schofield Rd	US-27	SR-429	5.55	New 4 Lanes
	44	Non-State	CR-561/561A	US-27	N Hancock Rd	2.37	Widen to 4 Lanes
	45	Non-State	N Hancock Rd	Old Hwy 50 W	Turkey Farm Rd	2.00	Widen to 4 Lanes

#### **Sumter County: Unfunded Needs**

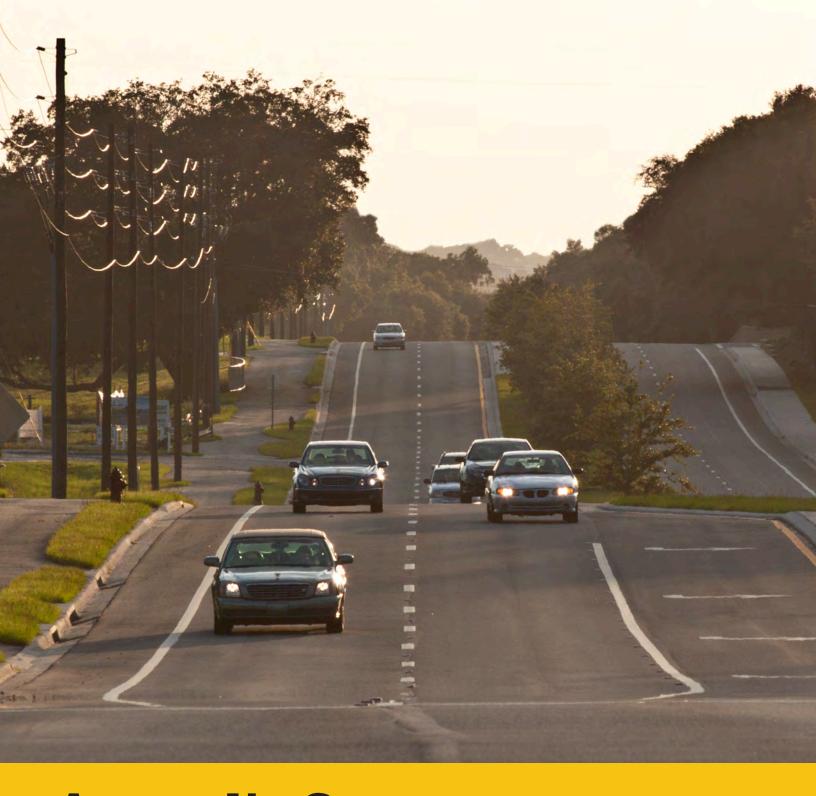
Priority*	ID	Jurisdiction	On Street	From Street	To Street	Mi.	Improvement
	46	Non-State	Marsh Bend Trail (New Road)	US-301	Warm Springs Ave	4.78	New 2 Lanes
	47	Non-State	Corbin Trail (New Road)	Warm Springs Ave	E C-470	4.81	New 2 Lanes
	48	Non-State	Rd A (New Road)	E C-470	CR-48	6.62	New 2 Lanes
Tier 1	49	Non-State	Rd B (New Road)	SR-471	E C-470	6.68	New 2 Lanes
Hel I	50	Non-State	Rd C (New Road)	SR-471	E C-470	8.85	New 2 Lanes
	51	Non-State	Meggison Rd (New Road)	SR-44	E C-470	9.02	New 2 Lanes
	52	Non-State	Morse Blvd Ext. (New Road)	Meggison Rd	CR-468	1.08	New 2 Lanes
	53	Non-State	Buena Vista Blvd Ext.	Meggison Rd	SR-44	0.85	New 4 Lanes
	54	Non-State	Marsh Bend Trail	C470	Corbin Trail	2.68	Widen to 6 Lanes
	55	Non-State	E Co Rd 466	I-75	US-301	4.87	Widen to 4 Lanes
Tier 2	56	Non-State	CR-219	SR-44	CR-44A	1.08	Widen to 4 Lanes
	57	Non-State	CR-468/US-301	Commercial St	CR-507	3.12	Widen to 4 Lanes
	58	Non-State	CR-475	Old Airport Rd	CR-470	5.27	Widen to 4 Lanes

#### Lake and Sumter County: Unfunded Needs

Priority*	ID	Jurisdiction	On Street	From Street	To Street	Mi.	Improvement
N/A	59	Non-State	CR-470	SR-471 (CR-527)	Florida's Turnpike	9.02	Widen to 4 Lanes

\*Priority is only specified for for non-state projects within a single county.

**Tier 1** projects will be given priority in investment decisions using local capital revenues. **Tier 2** and **Tier 3** projects will be considered for funding as funds becomes available.



# Appendix C: Cost Feasible Projects Present Day Cost (PDC)

# **2045 LRTP Cost Feasible Capacity Projects (PDC)**

Lake-Sumter MPO

2045 Capacity Projects: Fully Funded

ID	Location	On Street	From Street	To Street	Mi.	Improv	PD&E Time		O&E Cost (PDC)	PD&E Source	PE Time	PE Cost (PDC)	PD&E Source	ROW Time	ROW (PD		ROW Source	CST Time	CST Cost (PDC)	CST Source	Funded Level
Stra	egic Intern	nodal System (SIS) Projec	ts (Map A1)																		
1	Lake	SR-50	CR-565 (Villa City)	CR-565A (Montevista)	2.10	Realign	COMPLETE	\$	1,603,000	SIS	COMPLETE	\$ 3,206,000	SIS	2020-2024	\$ 25,6	45,000	SIS	2026-2030	\$ 32,056,000	SIS	Fully Funded
2	Lake	US-27	Florida's Turnpike Ramps - N	South of SR 19	4.71	4D-6D	2031-2035	\$	6,050,000	SIS	2031-2035	\$ 3,450,000	SIS	2036-2045	\$ 30,2	89,000	SIS	2036-2045	\$ 51,962,000	SIS	Fully Funded
3	Sumter	I-75	Florida's Turnpike	Sumter/Marion Co Line	6.95	MGLANE	2031-2035	\$	2,529,000	SIS	2031-2035	\$ 8,000,000	SIS	2036-2045	\$ 25,00	00,000	SIS	2036-2045	\$ 200,000,000	SIS	Fully Funded
4	Sumter	I-75	SR-44	Sumter/Marion Co Line	6.37	6D-8D	2031-2035	\$ 1	13,739,000	SIS	2031-2035	\$ 5,686,000	SIS	2036-2045	\$ 7,10	08,000	SIS	2036-2045	\$ 37,390,000	SIS	Fully Funded
State	Projects (I	Map A2)																			
5	Lake	SR-19	SR-50	CR-455	9.33	2U-4D	2026-2030	\$	2,499,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 4,999,000	Prod. Sup.	2031-2035	\$ 39,9	91,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 49,988,000	OA	Fully Funded
6	Lake	SR-44	SR-44 & Orange Ave	CR-46A	6.15	2U-4D	2025	\$	1,647,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 3,294,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 26,3	54,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 32,942,000	OA	Fully Funded
7	Lake	SR-44	US-441	E Orange Ave	2.10	2U-4D	COMPLETE	\$	1,325,000	Prod. Sup.	COMPLETE	\$ 2,650,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 9	75,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 26,500,000	OA	Fully Funded
8	Sumter	SR-471	SR-48	US 301	7.17	2U-4D	2026-2030	\$	1,049,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 2,099,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 14,69	91,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 20,987,000	OA	Fully Funded
9	Lake	US-192	US-27	Orange/Lake County Line	1.04	Corr. Imp.	2025	\$	90,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 180,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 1,4	40,000	OA	2026-2030	\$ 1,800,000	OA	Fully Funded
10	Lake	US-441 (SR-500)	Perkins Street	SR-44	1.71	4D-6D	COMPLETE	\$	690,000	Prod. Sup.	COMPLETE	\$ 1,379,000	Prod. Sup.	COMPLETE	\$ 11,0	36,000	OA	2025	\$ 13,795,000	OA	Fully Funded
11	Lake	US-441 (SR-500)	SR-44	N of SR-46	2.39	4D-6D	COMPLETE	\$	1,112,000	Prod. Sup.	COMPLETE	\$ 2,223,000	Prod. Sup.	2020-2024	\$ 2,20	09,000	OA	2026-2030	\$ 22,233,000	OA	Fully Funded
12	Sumter	US-301	CR-525E	SR-44	5.43	2U-4D	COMPLETE	\$	4,993,000	Prod. Sup.	2025	\$ 5,826,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 19,2	85,000	OA	2031-2035	\$ 58,260,000	OA	Fully Funded
13	Sumter	US-301	CR-470	CR-525E	2.32	2U-4D	2026-2030	\$	7,126,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 2,100,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 8,2	15,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 21,020,000	OA	Fully Funded
14	Sumter	US-301	@ CR-5	25E	N/A	Int. Imp.	2026-2030	\$	256,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 513,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 4,10	03,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 5,128,000	OA	Fully Funded
15	Sumter	US-301	@ E CR-	-462	N/A	Int. Imp.	2026-2030	\$	256,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 513,000	Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 4,10	03,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 5,128,000	OA	Fully Funded
Loca	l Projects (I	Map A2)				-	-				•		•	•	•	•					
16	Lake	CR-466A	E of Timbertop Ln	Poinsettia Ave	1.29	2U-4D	COMPLETE	\$	361,000	OA	COMPLETE	\$ 722,000	OA	COMPLETE	\$ 3,6	12,000	OA	2026-2030	\$ 7,223,000	OA	Fully Funded
17	Lake	CR-437 Realignment	Oak Tree Dr	SR-46	1.12	00-2U	COMPLETE	\$	274,000	OA	2020-2024	\$ 874,000	OA	2031-2035	\$ 3,7	43,000	OA	2031-2035	\$ 5,486,000	OA	Fully Funded
18	Lake	CR-455/Hartle Rd	Lost Lake Rd	Good Hearth Blvd	1.02	2U-4D	COMPLETE	\$	61,000	OA	COMPLETE	\$ 121,000	OA	COMPLETE	\$ 60	07,000	OA	2026-2030	\$ 1,214,000	OA	Fully Funded
19	Lake	CR-455/Hartle Rd	Hartwood Marsh	Lost Lake	2.16	00-2U	COMPLETE	\$	651,000	OA	2025	\$ 625,000	OA	2031-2035	\$ 3,00	00,000	OA	2026-2030	\$ 13,020,000	OA	Fully Funded
20	Lake	Rolling Acres Rd	Co Rd 466	Griffin Ave	1.28	2U-4D	2026-2030	\$	900,000	OA	2026-2030	\$ 643,000	OA	2025	\$ 3,2	15,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 6,429,000	OA	Fully Funded
21	Lake	Round Lake Rd Ext. (A)	Wolf Branch Rd.	SR-44	2.61	00-4D	COMPLETE	\$	1,070,000	OA	2020-2024	\$ 1,288,000	OA	2031-2035	\$ 6,0	94,000	OA	2036-2045	\$ 21,404,000	OA	Fully Funded

2045 Capacity Projects: Partially Funded (Map A2)

ID	Location	On Street	From Street	To Street	Mi.	Improv Type	PD&E Time	PD&E Co: (PDC)	t PD&E Source	PE Time	PE Cost (PDC)	PD&E Source	ROW Time	ROW Cost (PDC)	ROW Source	CST Time	CST Cost (PDC)	CST Source	Funded Level
Stat	te Projects (Map A2)																		
22	Lake	SR-19	CR-455	CR-48	3.93	Strat. Imp.*	2025	\$ 500,	00 Prod. Sup.	2026-2030	\$ 500,000	Prod. Sup.	2031-2035	\$ -	OA	2036-2045	\$ 2,155,000	OA	Partially Funded
23	Lake	SR-19	CR-48	CR-561	4.76	Strat. Imp.*	COMPLETE	\$	Prod. Sup.	COMPLETE	\$ -	Prod. Sup.	2031-2035	\$ -	OA	2036-2045	\$ 2,500,000	OA	Partially Funded
Loca	Projects						•		-	-			-			-			
	Lake	CR-33	SR-50	Simon Brown Rd	2.37	Strat. Imp.*	2025	\$ 500,	00 Daniel Com	2026-2030	\$ 500,000	Prod. Sup.	2024 2025	4	OA	2026-2030	\$ 5,000,000	OA	Partially Funded

<sup>\*</sup>Operational capacity improvements to be determined

# **2045 LRTP Cost Feasible Capacity Projects (PDC)**

Lake-Sumter MPO

#### **State: Unfunded Needs**

Priority'	ID	County	Jurisdiction	On Street	From Street	To Street	Mi.	Improvement
	25	Sumter	Other State	US-301	@ (	C-472	N/A	Modify Intersection
N/A	26	Lake	Other State	SR-44	@ (	JS-27	N/A	Modify Intersection
IN/A	27	Lake	Other State	SR-471	SR-50	SR-48	6.48	Widen to 4 Lanes
	28	Lake/Sumter	SIS	SR-50	Hernando/Sumter Co Line	SR-33/CR-33	14.99	Widen to 4 Lanes

#### **Lake County: Unfunded Needs**

Priority*	ID	Jurisdiction	On Street	From Street	To Street	Mi.	Improvement
Tier 1	29	Non-State	Old 441 / CR-19A	@ Euc	dora Rd	N/A	Modify Intersection
Hel I	30	Non-State	Hartwood Marsh Rd	US-27	CR-455	2.17	Widen to 4 Lanes
	31	Non-State	Hooks St Ext.	Hancock Rd	CR-455/Hartle Rd	1.47	New 2 Lanes
Tier 2	32	Non-State	CR-44	SR-44	US 441	15.39	Widen to 4 Lanes
Hei Z	33	Non-State	Wellness Way	US-27	SR-429	3.59	New 4 Lanes
	34	Non-State	Citrus Grove Rd	US-27	N Hancock Rd	2.45	Widen to 4 Lanes
	35	Non-State	Round Lake Rd Ext. (B)	Orange/Lake Co Line	Wolf Branch Rd.	2.05	New 4 Lanes
	36	Non-State	Micro Racetrack Rd. & Rolling Acres Rd.	CR-466A	US 27/US441	4.29	Widen to 4 Lanes
	37	Non-State	CR-470	TPKE West Ramps	SR-33/CR-33	3.12	Widen to 4 Lanes
	38	Non-State	Citrus Grove Rd.	N. Hancock Rd.	Blackstill Lake Rd	1.50	New 2/4 Lanes
	39	Non-State	CR-48	SR-33/CR-33	E of US-27 Bridge	1.26	Widen to 4 Lanes
Tier 3	40	Non-State	CR-561	CR-448	SR-19	1.62	Widen to 4 Lanes
	41	Non-State	CR-561A	CR-565A	US-27	2.79	Widen to 4 Lanes
	42	Non-State	CR-455 Extension	CFX Connector	Hartwood/Marsh Rd	5.55	New 4 Lanes
	43	Non-State	Schofield Rd	US-27	SR-429	5.55	New 4 Lanes
	44	Non-State	CR-561/561A	US-27	N Hancock Rd	2.37	Widen to 4 Lanes
	45	Non-State	N Hancock Rd	Old Hwy 50 W	Turkey Farm Rd	2.00	Widen to 4 Lanes

#### **Sumter County: Unfunded Needs**

Priority*	ID	Jurisdiction	On Street	From Street	To Street	Mi.	Improvement
	46	Non-State	Marsh Bend Trail (New Road)	US-301	Warm Springs Ave	4.78	New 2 Lanes
	47	Non-State	Corbin Trail (New Road)	Warm Springs Ave	E C-470	4.81	New 2 Lanes
	48	Non-State	Rd A (New Road)	E C-470	CR-48	6.62	New 2 Lanes
Tier 1	49	Non-State	Rd B (New Road)	SR-471	E C-470	6.68	New 2 Lanes
Her I	50	Non-State	Rd C (New Road)	SR-471	E C-470	8.85	New 2 Lanes
	51	Non-State	Meggison Rd (New Road)	SR-44	E C-470	9.02	New 2 Lanes
	52	Non-State	Morse Blvd Ext. (New Road)	Meggison Rd	CR-468	1.08	New 2 Lanes
	53	Non-State	Buena Vista Blvd Ext.	Meggison Rd	SR-44	0.85	New 4 Lanes
	54	Non-State	Marsh Bend Trail	C470	Corbin Trail	2.68	Widen to 6 Lanes
	55	Non-State	E Co Rd 466	I-75	US-301	4.87	Widen to 4 Lanes
Tier 2	56	Non-State	CR-219	SR-44	CR-44A	1.08	Widen to 4 Lanes
	57	Non-State	CR-468/US-301	Commercial St	CR-507	3.12	Widen to 4 Lanes
	58	Non-State	CR-475	Old Airport Rd	CR-470	5.27	Widen to 4 Lanes

#### Lake and Sumter County: Unfunded Needs

Prior	rity*	ID	Jurisdiction	On Street	From Street	To Street	Mi.	Improvement
N/	/A	59	Non-State	CR-470	SR-471 (CR-527)	Florida's Turnpike	9.02	Widen to 4 Lanes

\*Priority is only specified for for non-state projects within a single county.

**Tier 1** projects will be given priority in investment decisions using local capital revenues. **Tier 2** and **Tier 3** projects will be considered for funding as funds becomes available.





FUND TYPE

CEI PROJECT ADMINISTRATOR

CONTRACTOR'S PROJECT MANAGER:

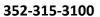
FDOT PROJECT MANAGER:

Design Build

CONTACT

# **FDOT District Five-Leesburg Operations**

#### 1405 Thomas Road Leesburg, Florida, 34748



Outside Consultant
In-House Construction
Maintenance

\$198,120,193.98

84.47%

83.45%

**EMAIL** 

arnaldo.larrazabal@rsandh.com

rick.vallier@dot.state.fl.us

jandrews@superiorfla.com

# Project Status Report as of September 20, 2020

		LAKE				
		of US 441 to Round Lake Road	l (Wekiva Parkwa	y Sections 3A and 3B)		
FIN#	238275-2-52-01, 238275-3-52-01					
CONTRACT #	T5589					
		Conventional P	ay Item			
	PTION: The project includes an at-grade interse includes the reconstruction of S.R. 46 into a six			grade separated flyover	from southbound	U.S. 441 to eastbound S
					TIME	COST
CONTRACTOR:	GLF Construction Corporation	LET DATE:	6/14/2017	ORIGINAL:	850	\$32,839,302.36
ED. AID #:	8886919A	NTP:	8/01/2017	CURRENT:	1,019	\$33,699,239.31
UND TYPE	Construction	TIME BEGAN:	10/30/2017	ELAPSED:	1,029	\$34,176,541.14
		WORK BEGAN:	10/30/2017	% ORIGINAL:	121.06%	104.07%
		EST. COMPLETION:	Fall 2020	% TO DATE:	100.98%	101.42%
	CONTACT			PHONE		EMAIL
CEI PROJECT ADM		Scott Moffatt	C: 321-624-88		smoffatt@rkk	
FDOT PROJECT MA		Eric Jaggers		15 C:352-459-9751		dot.state.fl.us
CONTRACTOR'S P	ROJECT MANAGER:	Kevin Wishnacht	C: 407-955-19	44	kwishnacht@	glfusa.com_
		LAKE				•
		SR 19 over Little Lake Harr	io Dridge # 11003	ne .		
FIN #	238319-2-52-01	SK 19 OVEL LILLIE LAKE HAIT	is bridge # 11002	10		
CONTRACT #	E5Y62					
		Design Bu	ıld			
PROJECT DESCRI	PTION: Design and construction of State Road	(S.R.) 19 over Little Lake Harris	Bridge #11026 from	m Savage Circle to north	of Hickory Points	
					TIME	COST
ONTRACTOR:	Leware Construction Co. of Florida	LET DATE:	3/21/2017	ORIGINAL:	950	\$22,219,000.00
ED. AID #:	00B5025B	NTP:	6/15/2017	CURRENT:	1,080	\$22,351,915.67
UND TYPE	Design Build	TIME BEGAN:	6/15/2017	ELAPSED:	1,190	\$21,621,209.57
		WORK BEGAN:	6/15/2017	% ORIGINAL:	125.26%	97.31%
		EST. COMPLETION:	Summer 2020	% TO DATE:	110.19%	96.73%
						FINAL ACCEPTED 9/14
	CONTACT			PHONE		EMAIL
CEI PROJECT ADM		David Smith		72 C: 407-948-3946	dsmith@met	
FDOT PROJECT MANAGER:		Eric Jaggers	O: 352-326-7715 C: 352-459-9751 <u>eric.jaggers@dot.state.fl.u</u>		odot.state.fl.us	
CONTRACTOR'S P	ONTRACTOR'S PROJECT MANAGER: Jeremy Welch		O:352-787-1616 C:352-516-7248		jwelch@lewarecc.com	
		LAKE AND SEMINOL	E COUNTIES	,		
	SR 429/46 from west of t	Old McDonald Road to east of		d (Wekiya Parkway Sec	tion 6)	
IN#	238275-7-52-01	J.J OD OHAIG HOUGE TO GUSE OF		a (oniva i ainma) Occ		
CONTRACT #	E5Y47					
CHILACI #	20171	Design Bu	ild			
	PTION: Design 5.5 miles of limited access toll re					
			ofile bridge that is	aesthetically pleasing ov	er the Wekiva Riv	er; and, three wildlife bric
project will include d	lesigning: an additional non-tolled, service road					
roject will include d						
project will include d	lesigning: an additional non-tolled, service road				TIME	COST
oroject will include d o allow animals to p	lesigning: an additional non-tolled, service road					
project will include d	lesigning: an additional non-tolled, service road ass safely between the Seminole State Forest,	Rock Springs Run State Reserv	e and Lower Weki	va River Preserve.	TIME	COST

TIME BEGAN:

WORK BEGAN:

EST. COMPLETION:

Arnaldo Larrazabal

Jeremy Andrews

Rick Vallier

10/18/2017

10/18/2017

Early 2022

C: 786-205-2699

C: 904-509-0868

ELAPSED:

% ORIGINAL:

% TO DATE:

PHONE

O: 386-943-5283 C: 386-846-4149

1,182

93.07%

74.06%

# Project Status Report as of September 20, 2020

		LAKE				
-1A1 #		nt from SR 46 to North of Aru	ındel Way (Weki	va Parkway Section 5)		
FIN # CONTRACT #	238275-8-52-01					
ONTRACT#	T5582	0tiI D	14			
DO IEST DESSORIE	TION D	Conventional Pa	<del>/</del>		1 11 6	)   D   1400   1 CO
	<b>PTION</b> : Design the non-tolled relocation of CR 46A	out of the Seminole State Fo	rest for 2.5 miles t	from north of Arundel VVa	ly to connect to S	state Road 429 east of Can
challenge Road.					I	1
	Turne = .	I	T	la-ramini	TIME	COST
ONTRACTOR:	Halifax Paving, Inc	LET DATE:	2/22/2017	ORIGINAL:	650	\$9,883,549.93
ED. AID#:	8886602A	NTP:	5/09/2017	CURRENT:	756	\$9,892,004.75
UND TYPE	Construction	TIME BEGAN:	6/13/2017	ELAPSED:	838	\$9,596,946.72
		WORK BEGAN:	6/13/2017	% ORIGINAL:	128.92%	97.10%
		EST. COMPLETION:	Fall 2020	% TO DATE:	110.85%	97.02%
	CONTACT			PHONE		EMAIL
ROJECT ADMINIS	TRATOR	Kim Navarro	O: 407-482-78	29	kim.navarro	@dot.state.fl.us
ONTRACTOR'S PI	ROJECT MANAGER:	Steve Blair	O: 386-676-02	00 C: 386-547-3422	hpi-steve@c	
		LAKE				
		SR 33 Over Green Sw	amp Bridge			
IN#	433860-1-52-01 and 436127-1-52-01					
ONTRACT#	T5637					
		CONSTRUCTION L	UMP SUM			
PROJECT DESCRIE	TION: Replace the existing bridge on SR 33 over			cing of approaches. The	project also will c	reate a southbound left-tur
ane from S.R. 33 to		Croon ewamp in cloimont, in	mining arra roodinat	on approached. The	project also will a	route a coulinouna for tar
ano nom c.r co to	01(001)				TIME	COST
CONTRACTOR:	Leware Construction Company of Florida	LET DATE:	10/31/2018	ORIGINAL:	165	\$3,244,000.00
ED. AID #:	3512030P	NTP:	1/15/2019	CURRENT:	599	\$6,480,176.27
UND TYPE		TIME BEGAN:	2/14/2019	ELAPSED:	482	\$4,748,711.62
UNDITPE	Construction					
		WORK BEGAN:	5/28/2019	% ORIGINAL:	292.12%	146.38%
		EST. COMPLETION:	Early 2021	% TO DATE:	80.47%	73.28%
			_			
	CONTACT			PHONE		EMAIL
EI PROJECT ADM		Elie Assi	O: 352-326-7745 C: 904-237-9296			anrusso.com_
DOT PROJECT MA	ANAGER:	Karen Madrid	O: 352-326-7767		karen.madrid@dot.state.fl.us	
ONTRACTOR'S PI	ROJECT MANAGER:	Bob Eison	O: 352-267-6303 C: 352-787-1616		beison@lewarecc.com	
		•				
		LAKE				
	SR 19 (Bay S	Street) from west of Norton A	Avenue to Lake S	aunders Drive		
IN#	439138-1					
ONTRACT#	E5Z92					
		Payment type (lump sum	or conventional)			
ROJECT DESCRIE	PTION: Mill and reusrface SR 19 (Bay Street) from	<b>J J</b> 1 ( 1	,			
TOOLOT BLOOKII	Treft imm and reachase on the (Bay except from	T WOOL OF HORIOTT WORLD TO LO	to caunation bill	<u>,                                      </u>	TIME	COST
ONTRACTOR:	D.A.B. Constructors, Inc.	LET DATE:	11/05/2019	ORIGINAL:	360	\$3,448,888.88
ED. AID #:	D.A.D. CONSTRUCTOR, IIIC.	NTP:	1/10/2020	CURRENT:	377	\$3,448,888.88
	+					
UND TYPE		TIME BEGAN:	3/10/2020	ELAPSED:	195	\$725,817.11
		WORK BEGAN:	3/10/2020	% ORIGINAL:	54.17%	21.04%
		EST. COMPLETION:	Early 2021	% TO DATE:	0.28%	21.04%
	CONTACT			PHONE		EMAIL
EI PROJECT ADM	INISTRATOR	Ray Gopal	407-408-6024		rgopal@eisr	manrusso.com
DOT PROJECT MA	ANAGER:	Karen Madrid	O: 352-326-77	67	karen.madri	d@dot.state.fl.us
	DO IFCT MANACED.	Lugla Tauras	0.002 020 7101			

Lysle Tower



CONTRACTOR'S PROJECT MANAGER:

# Project Status Report as of September 20, 2020

		LAKE Lake Wekiva Trail from County R	oad 435 to State	Road 46		
FIN #	430975-5	Lake Wekiva Hall Holli Coulty N	oau 433 to State	1\0du 40		
CONTRACT #	T5652					
PROJECT DESCRIP	PTION: Build sectiion 4B (2.6 miles) from C	R 435 to SR 46				
	,				TIME	COST
CONTRACTOR:	Southland Construction, Inc.	LET DATE:	12/04/2019	ORIGINAL:	290	\$2,616,100.01
ED. AID #:	·	NTP:	1/03/2020	CURRENT:	303	\$2,616,100.01
UND TYPE		TIME BEGAN:	3/4/2020	ELAPSED:	201	\$2,426,062.29
		WORK BEGAN:	3/4/2020	% ORIGINAL:	69.31%	92.74%
		EST. COMPLETION:	Late 2020	% TO DATE:	0.34%	92.74%
	CONTACT			PHONE		EMAIL
EI DDO IECT ADM		Ray Gopal	407-408-6024		rgonal@cicn	
CEI PROJECT ADMINISTRATOR FDOT PROJECT MANAGER			O: 352-326-7715 C: 352-459-9751		rgopal@eismanrusso.com eric.jaggers@dot.state.fl.us	
DOT PRO IFCT MA	ANAGER		O. 352-320-7715 C. 352-459-9751		enc.jaggers@dot.state.n.us	
	ANAGER ROJECT MANAGER	Eric Jaggers Bill Bierman	0. 332-320-11	10 0.002 400 0101		
CONTRACTOR'S P	ROJECT MANAGER				3334333	
CONTRACTOR'S P	ROJECT MANAGER  238395-5	Bill Bierman			3.33,33,33	
CONTRACTOR'S P	ROJECT MANAGER	Bill Bierman				
CONTRACTOR'S P	238395-5 T5650	Bill Bierman  LAKE U.S. 441 Widening from Lake Ella	Road to Avenida			
ONTRACTOR'S P	ROJECT MANAGER  238395-5	Bill Bierman  LAKE U.S. 441 Widening from Lake Ella	Road to Avenida			
CONTRACTOR'S P	ROJECT MANAGER  238395-5 T5650  PTION: Add lanes and reconstruct intersect	Bill Bierman  LAKE U.S. 441 Widening from Lake Ella ion of County Road 25 and U.S. 441	Road to Avenida	a Central	TIME	COST
CONTRACTOR'S P	238395-5 T5650	Bill Bierman  LAKE U.S. 441 Widening from Lake Ella ion of County Road 25 and U.S. 441  LET DATE:	Road to Avenida in Lady Lake 3/11/2020	a Central	<b>TIME</b> 1,030	\$44,959,999.99
CONTRACTOR'S P	238395-5 T5650  PTION: Add lanes and reconstruct intersect Southland Construction Inc.	Bill Bierman  LAKE U.S. 441 Widening from Lake Ella  ion of County Road 25 and U.S. 441  LET DATE:  NTP:	in Lady Lake  3/11/2020 5/29/2020	ORIGINAL:	TIME	\$44,959,999.99 \$44,959,999.99
CONTRACTOR'S PORTON OF THE CONTRACT # CONTRACTOR: CONTRACTOR: CONTRACTOR: CONTRACTOR:	ROJECT MANAGER  238395-5 T5650  PTION: Add lanes and reconstruct intersect	Bill Bierman  LAKE U.S. 441 Widening from Lake Ella  ion of County Road 25 and U.S. 441  LET DATE:  NTP:  TIME BEGAN:	in Lady Lake    3/11/2020   5/29/2020   7/27/2020	ORIGINAL: CURRENT: ELAPSED:	<b>TIME</b> 1,030 1,030 56	\$44,959,999.99 \$44,959,999.99 \$2,533,019.12
CONTRACTOR'S POSITION OF THE PROJECT DESCRIPTION	238395-5 T5650  PTION: Add lanes and reconstruct intersect Southland Construction Inc.	Bill Bierman  LAKE U.S. 441 Widening from Lake Ella  ion of County Road 25 and U.S. 441  LET DATE:  NTP:	in Lady Lake  3/11/2020 5/29/2020	ORIGINAL: CURRENT: ELAPSED: % ORIGINAL:	TIME 1,030 1,030 56 5.44%	\$44,959,999.99 \$44,959,999.99 \$2,533,019.12 5.63%
CONTRACTOR'S POSITION OF THE PROJECT DESCRIPTION	238395-5 T5650  PTION: Add lanes and reconstruct intersect Southland Construction Inc.	Bill Bierman  LAKE U.S. 441 Widening from Lake Ella  ion of County Road 25 and U.S. 441  LET DATE:  NTP:  TIME BEGAN:	in Lady Lake    3/11/2020   5/29/2020   7/27/2020	ORIGINAL: CURRENT: ELAPSED:	<b>TIME</b> 1,030 1,030 56	\$44,959,999.99 \$44,959,999.99 \$2,533,019.12
CONTRACTOR'S POSITION OF THE PROJECT DESCRIPTION	238395-5 T5650  PTION: Add lanes and reconstruct intersect Southland Construction Inc.	Bill Bierman  LAKE U.S. 441 Widening from Lake Ella  ion of County Road 25 and U.S. 441  LET DATE:  NTP:  TIME BEGAN:  WORK BEGAN:	in Lady Lake    3/11/2020   5/29/2020   7/27/2020   7/27/2020	ORIGINAL: CURRENT: ELAPSED: % ORIGINAL:	TIME 1,030 1,030 56 5.44%	\$44,959,999.99 \$44,959,999.99 \$2,533,019.12 5.63%
CONTRACTOR'S P	238395-5 T5650  PTION: Add lanes and reconstruct intersect  Southland Construction Inc.  Construction  CONTACT	Bill Bierman  LAKE U.S. 441 Widening from Lake Ella  ion of County Road 25 and U.S. 441  LET DATE:  NTP:  TIME BEGAN:  WORK BEGAN:	in Lady Lake    3/11/2020   5/29/2020   7/27/2020   7/27/2020	ORIGINAL: CURRENT: ELAPSED: % ORIGINAL: % TO DATE: PHONE	TIME 1,030 1,030 56 5.44% 0.10%	\$44,959,999.99 \$44,959,999.99 \$2,533,019.12 5.63% 5.63%
CONTRACTOR'S P	238395-5 T5650  PTION: Add lanes and reconstruct intersect  Southland Construction Inc.  Construction  CONTACT	Bill Bierman  LAKE U.S. 441 Widening from Lake Ella  ion of County Road 25 and U.S. 441  LET DATE:  NTP:  TIME BEGAN:  WORK BEGAN:  EST. COMPLETION:	in Lady Lake    3/11/2020     5/29/2020     7/27/2020     Late 2023     (c) 813.675.50	ORIGINAL: CURRENT: ELAPSED: % ORIGINAL: % TO DATE: PHONE	TIME 1,030 1,030 56 5.44% 0.10%	\$44,959,999.99 \$44,959,999.99 \$2,533,019.12 5.63% 5.63%

		LAKE				
		Resurface U.S. 27 from Arlington Ric	ige Blvd. to Cou	nty Road 33		
FIN#	439139-1					
CONTRACT#	T5676					
PROJECT DESCRI	PTION: Resurface U.S. 27					
					TIME	COST
CONTRACTOR:	C.W Roberts Inc.	LET DATE:	5/20/2020	ORIGINAL:	120	\$3,433,963.32
FED. AID #:		NTP:	7/17/2020	CURRENT:	123	\$3,433,963.32
FUND TYPE	Construction	TIME BEGAN:	8/16/2020	ELAPSED:	36	\$126,444.75
		WORK BEGAN:	8/17/2020	% ORIGINAL:	30.00%	3.68%
		EST. COMPLETION:	Early 2021	% TO DATE:	29.27%	3.68%
		•	•	•		·
	CONTACT			PHONE		EMAIL
CEI PROJECT ADMINISTRATOR Donald Brassart		Donald Brassart	(c) 813.675.5056		dbrassart@eismanrusso.com	
FDOT PROJECT MANAGER Eric Jagge		Eric Jaggers	O: 352-326-77	715 C: 352-459-9751	eric.jaggers	@dot.state.fl.us
CONTRACTOR'S P	ROJECT MANAGER	Ray Gopal			Rgopal@eisi	manrusso.com



# Project Status Report as of September 20, 2020

		Sumte	r			
		S.R. 44 west of	FU.S. 301			
FIN#	437329-1					
CONTRACT #	E51A6					
PROJECT DESCR	IPTION: Realign State Road 44 we	st of CSX bridge and U.S. 301				
					TIME	COST
CONTRACTOR:	C.W. Roberts Inc	LET DATE:	5/05/2020	ORIGINAL:	100	\$1,576,869.97
FED. AID #:		NTP:	7/14/2020	CURRENT:	100	\$1,576,869.97
FUND TYPE	Maintenance	TIME BEGAN:	8/4/2020	ELAPSED:	48	\$398,371.68
		WORK BEGAN:	8/4/2020	% ORIGINAL:	48.00%	25.26%
		EST. COMPLETION:	Fall 2020	% TO DATE:	48.00%	25.26%
		<u>.</u>	-	-	-	-
	CONTACT			PHONE		EMAIL
PROJECT ADMINISTRATOR		Frank Kelch	O: 352-459-9	931	Frank.Kelc	h@dot.fl.state.us
CONTRACTOR'S	PROJECT MANAGER:					



Outside Consultant
In-House Construction
Maintenance

**September 28, 2020** 

Contact: siaosi.fine@dot.state.fl.us

(407) 264-3494

# Florida Department of Transportation/Turnpike Enterprise Lake and Sumter Counties CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

## Financial Project ID: 441322-1 ALL-ELECTRONIC TOLLING (AET) NORTHERN COIN CONVERSION FLORIDA'S TURNPIKE MAINLINE/SR 91 FROM MILEPOST 236 TO MILEPOST 309

- Northbound and southbound Florida's Turnpike between Milepost 285 and Milepost 287 (south of the Leesburg Plaza)
  - Estimated Completion: Spring 2021
  - Contractor: Ranger Construction
  - Project Cost: \$17.5 million
  - o LANE CLOSURES:
    - South of Leesburg Plaza: Overnight and nightly single lane closures. Also, daytime shoulder closures.
    - At US 27/Clermont: Overnight full road closures.
      - Detour: NB TPK traffic redirected to NB US 27.
    - At US 27/SR 19/Tavares/Clermont: Overnight full road closures.
      - Detour: SB TPK traffic redirected to SB US 27.
  - PROJECT DESCRIPTION: The overall AET conversion scope includes: milling and resurfacing, minor widening, lighting, highway signing, guardrail, toll facilities, and other construction activities on the Northern Turnpike Mainline/SR 91 from south of Kissimmee Park Road (milepost 236) to I-75 (milepost 309) for 70 miles in Osceola, Orange, Lake and Sumter counties.

# LAKE COUNTY OFFICE OF TRANSIT SERVICES

# OCTOBER 28, 2020





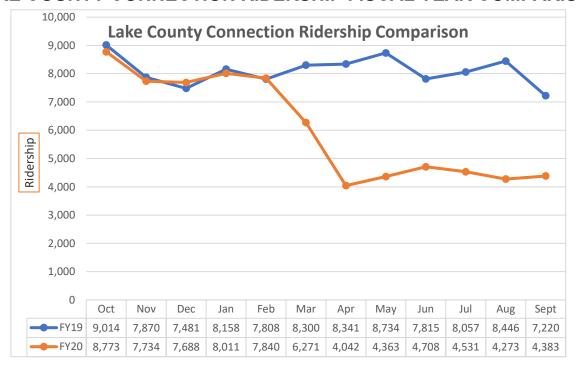
## Prepared by:

Lake County Office of Transit Services 2440 U.S. Highway 441/27 Fruitland Park, FL 34731 Phone: 352-323-5733

Website: RideLakeXpress.com



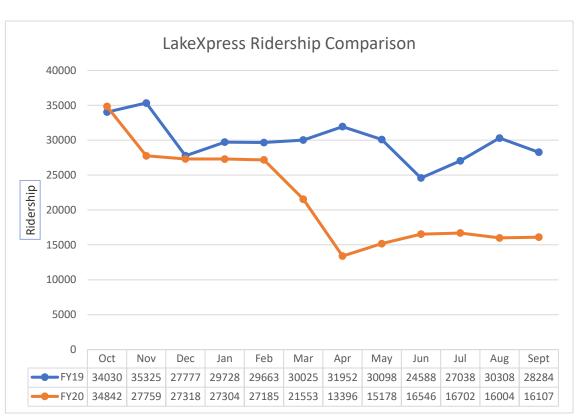
## LAKE COUNTY CONNECTION RIDERSHIP FISCAL YEAR COMPARISON



Ridership declined 24.54% between FY2019 (97,244) and FY20 (68,234)

LAKEXPRESS RIDERSHIP FISCAL YEAR COMPARISON

# Ridership declined 26.03% between FY2019 (358,816) and FY20 (245,216)



LAKEXPRESS BUS STOP ACCESSIBILITY PROGRESS

- Phase I (Completed September 30, 2020)
  - o 10 Shelters
  - o 37 Concrete Pads
- Phase II (Began October 1, 2020)
  - o 10-Shelters
  - o 40-Pads
    - Clermont, Eustis, Groveland, Leesburg, Mount Dora, Tavares, and throughout unincorporated areas of Lake County

# LYNX ROUTE 55 RIDERSHIP

The Lake County Office of Transit Services has requested an updated LYNX 55 Ridership Report. To date, the update has not been received.

# **VAN POOL UPDATE**

Enterprise remains operating two vans in Lake County while VRide utilizes one van.